CATTO'S
WHISKY.
Now for sale at all
LEADING BARS, HOTELS
AND AT
All Wine Merchants.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 52,926—New Series. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, JULY 25, 1903. PRICE 4 ANNAS.

Milkmaid
Largest Sale in the World
Grand Milk

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

SATURDAY 2 P.M.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	1903.
M. L. PERSIA	7951	W. A. Wheler	29th July
* PENINSULAR	5294	A. G. Cubitt	1st Aug
M. L. CALEDONIA	7558	C. H. S. Toque	8th "
* ORIENTAL	5281	R. Spicer	15th "
M. L. MASSILIA	5011	G. W. Cockman	22nd "
* PENINSULAR	5294	A. G. Cubitt	29th "
M. L. EGYPT	7912	G. L. Langborne	5th Sept.
* ORIENTAL	5294	R. Spicer	12th "
M. L. ARABIA	7902	T. Leigh	19th "
* PENINSULAR	5294	A. G. Cubitt	26th "

The Steamers marked M. L. proceed to Marseilles, Plymouth, and London, passengers for Brindisi transhipping at Port Said.

The steamers marked * proceed to Aden only, and Passengers tranship there for Brindisi, Marseilles, Plymouth, or London.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the BALLARD PIER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON the day previous to sailing, and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 A.M. on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with Port of Destination.

Tenders leave the Ballard Pier on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place between 12-30 P.M. and 1 P.M. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on Board the Mail Steamer unless so examined, and conveyed thence in the Company's Steam Barges. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of passengers cannot go on Board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's STEAMERS LEAVE BOMBAY FORTNIGHTLY, usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking Passengers for the STRAITS, CHINA, and JAPAN; and Return-Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

Cargo Steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals calling at Ports en route.

F. RITCHIE,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.

Bombay, 29th July, 1903.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

GRINDLAY GROOM & Co.,
BOMBAY.

PASSENGERS booked without charge, and on Favourable Terms. Berths carefully selected. SLEEPING CAR and CONTINENTAL RAILWAY TICKETS procured. RAILWAY OFFICIALS and MISSIONARIES booked at Reduced Rates. PASSAGES booked to ENGLAND via JAPAN and AMERICA, by the Canadian Pacific, Occidental and Oriental, and Pacific Mail Routes. HANDBOOK giving Details of Fares, &c., and List of Sailings by all Lines sent free on application. PASSENGERS met on arrival. BAGGAGE shipped and cleared and Insurance effected covering all risks. PACKAGES cleared or shipped. CIRCULAR NOTES, BANK NOTES, DRAFTS, and COVERSIGNS at current rates.

Calcutta Agents.—GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON AGENTS.—GRINDLAY & Co.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY.
ERNEST SIMONS	5,757	Dupuy Fromy	30th July 1903.
ARMAND-BEHIC	6,635	Flandin	13th Sept. 1903.
DUMBEA	5,807	Le Coispellier	8th Oct. 1903.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's at Reduced Fares. This arrangement will prove, in some cases, of special advantage to Passengers on three months privilege leave.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT,
AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

S. S. "DUMBEA," 5,807 tons, Captain Le Coispellier, to sail on or about the 24th July, 1903.

For further particulars apply to
P. de BURE, Agent.
New Oriental Bank Buildings, 57, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co,
UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH
THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

BOMBAY TO TRIESTE VIA ADEN, SUEZ, & PORT SAID
DIRECT LINE,

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on
IMPERATOR	P. Ivellich	4,119	1st Oct. 1903.

PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 600	Rs. 325	Rs. 150

ORDINARY LINE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about
* † VINDOBONA	B. Cobol	4,351	25th July 1903
* † TRIESTE	E. Meocci	3,055	19th Aug. 1903
† MARQUIS BACQUEHEM	T. Rasovich	4,409	29th Sept. 1903
† PERSIA	P. Cragletto	5,900	29th Oct. 1903

* Will call at Karachi. † Will call at Fiume.

PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE.

	Saloon.	Deck.
TO TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 401	Rs. 151.

RETURN TICKETS TO TRIESTE AND VENICE AVAILABLE FOR ANY PERIOD WITHIN TWO YEARS.

1st Class Rs. 960. 2nd Class Rs. 485. Saloon Rs. 601.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

1st and 2nd Class Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothards, and other Routes.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE MESSAGERIES MARITIMES CO.

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Austrian Lloyd's and the Return Voyage by the Messageries Maritimes Co., at reduced fares.

Passengers to VENICE tranship at TRIESTE to another steamer of the Company, which takes about 6 hours to cross the Gulf.

STEAM TO JAPAN, VIA COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA AND KOBE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about
FRANZ FERDINAND	——	6,066	23rd Aug. 1903.

For further particulars regarding Passages Apply to

E. SCARPA, Agent,
Sassoon House, 52, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

THOS. COOK AND SON,

BANKERS, PASSENGER AND FORWARDING AGENTS.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES
AT
REDUCED RATES.

FOR long PERIOD RETURN TICKETS by P. and O. and other Lines.
PASSAGES engaged by all Liners and Non-Liners FREE OF CHARGE FOR COMMISSION.
SPECIAL REDUCTIONS to Families, Missionaries and Railway Officials to London; also to Government Officials via China and America to Europe.
COOK'S INTERPRETERS meet and assist passengers at London, Marseilles, Genoa, and all Chief Towns of the world.
OUTWARD PASSAGES engaged and ticket supplied from any part of the World to India.
COOK'S ORIENTAL GAZETTE containing Valuable Information for Travellers sent on Application.
PASSENGERS' BAGGAGE received, forwarded or insured against theft and all risks.
PACKAGES of every description stored, and shipped as cargo to all parts of the world at lowest rates; ESTIMATES on application.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and amounts placed on DEPOSIT for FIXED PERIODS.
STOCKS and SHARES bought and sold.
DRAFTS, CIRCULAR NOTES, & LETTERS OF CREDIT issued and [illegible] made.

BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, MADRAS, COLOMBO,

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S.S. "DWARKA," 1 700 tons, on FRIDAY the 31st July, at 2 p.m., or later, on arrival of the English Mail.

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT AND PERSIAN GULF.

S.S. "GOALPARA," 2,150 tons, on TUESDAY, the 28th July, at 10 a.m., calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bahrein, and Bushire, in the foregoing or any order (weather permitting).

FOR KURRACHEE, MUSCAT, BUSHIRE, AND BUSREH.

S.S. "KOLA," 1,200 tons, on THURSDAY, 30th July, at 10 a.m.

FOR MARMAGOA, MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, BEIRA, AND DELAGOA BAY.

S.S. "NOWSHERA," 3,000 tons, on or about TUESDAY, the 28th July (with transhipment at Delagoa Bay to Company's Steamers for Inhambane, Chinde, Quillimane, and Mozambique.)

FOR MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, BEIRA, DELAGOA BAY, AND DURBAN.

S.S. "PUTIALA," 3,000 tons, on or about TUESDAY, 11th August (with transhipment at Durban to Company's Steamers for East London, Port Elizabeth, and Cape Town.)

FOR CALCUTTA VIA COAST.

S.S. "SECUNDRA," 2,600 tons, on or about SATURDAY, 25th July.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Agents.

Bombay, 24th July, 1903.

KING, KING & Co.,

BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS,
BOMBAY.

PASSAGES engaged, and best available Berths secured, at Lowest Rates obtainable by P. & O., and all other Steamers, Free of Charge for Commission.

Latest List of Sailings, Fares, and full information furnished by return of post, on application.

Special attention paid to the grouping of Passengers travelling 2nd Class by P. & O.

Every Assistance rendered to Passengers on arrival in Bombay. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and shipped.

Special Agents of the Firm meet all Steamers at Brindisi and Marseilles.

Packages of every description receive for despatch as Cargo to Messrs. Henry S King & Co., London; or Messrs. King, Baillie & Co., Liverpool. Freight and Marine Insurance at the Lowest Rates. Quotations furnished on Application.

KING, HAMILTON & CO.,
Calcutta.
HENRY S. KING & Co., London

ANCHOR LINE.

HENDERSON BROTHERS, LIMITED.

SPECIALLY REDUCED FARES.

ON January 1st, 1903, the Anchor Line made an all-round reduction on their Indian Service Fares, and their rates of Passage Money are now as follows:—

Bombay to Liverpool (all the way by sea)....Rs. 560
Bombay to Marseilles.....925

Passengers proceeding to London from Marseilles are charged £5 extra for Railway Tickets at current rates of exchange on the fare to Marseilles. To New York, Rs. 700; Suez or Port Said, Rs. 395.

Return Ticket to Liverpool (all the way by Sea), Rs. 850.

Bombay to London, via Marseilles, and back from Liverpool, Rs. 895.

Return Tickets are available for two years.

Besides the above reduction Concessions are also granted to Families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, &c.

The Anchor Line have lately added several large new passenger steamers to their fleet, each carrying fifty to sixty First Class Passengers in large airy Cabins all situated on the Upper Deck. For comfort these steamers cannot be surpassed.

The Railway journey from Marseilles to London occupies about thirty hours. Each steamer carries a duly qualified surgeon and an experienced Stewardess and is fitted out with every comfort. All Cabins are on the Upper Deck.

The following sailings have been arranged:—

Steamers.	Captains.	Sailing about.
OLYMPIA	C. F. Osborne, R. N. R.	31st July.
AUSTRALIA	Andrew Tait	21st Aug.
BRITANNIA	A. C. Turner, R. N. R.	3rd Sept.
KALIBIA	H. Tait	30th Sept.
MASSILIA	J. Thompson	7th Oct.
PERSIA	G. Mitchell	30th Oct.
CIRCASSIA	A. Haig	8th Nov.

The advertised rates to Europe include a passage by steamers between Karachi and Bombay. Passengers wishing to embark at Karachi can obtain through tickets via Bombay to Europe. Passengers must obtain the tickets for such passages before embarking from Messrs. D. GRAHAM & Co. Karachi, or from us.

For rates for steamers not carrying Surgeon and stewardess, or any other information regarding Passages, &c., apply to the Undersigned.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.
Grahams, Buildings, Bombay.

THE NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.
(JAPAN MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.)

S.S. "IDZUMI MARU," Captain M. YAGI, 3,30 Tons, WILL SAIL for TUTICORIN, SINGAPORE, CHINA, and JAPAN on 29th instant.

For Freight and Passage apply to
T. KUSUMOTO,
Manager.
Navsari Buildings, Fort, Bombay. 22nd July, 1903.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES

BOOKED free of charge for Commission, from Bombay, Calcutta and Colombo, to London, Liverpool, China, Japan, America and other Ports by the following lines:—

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL.
BRITISH INDIA.
MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.
AUSTRIAN LLOYDS.
ANCHOR LINE.
RUBATTINO.
ELLERMAN (including) CITY AND HALL LINES.
ORIENT-PACIFIC.
NORTH GERMAN LLOYD.
INDO-CHINA AND APCAR.
PACIFIC MAIL.
OCCIDENTAL AND ORIENTAL.
CANADIAN PACIFIC.
NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

Tickets Issued and Berths Reserved to Calcutta and Colombo, by *Quickest, Shortest* and *Cheapest* Routes.

Illustrated Hand-Books and Sailing Lists free on application to

WILLIAM WATSON & CO.,
F, HORNBY ROAD, BOMBAY.

A BOON TO MEN & WOMEN.

TANK-NIGRAH PILLS.—A successful remedy based on most advanced and modern researches in the Ayurved, or Native Medical Science, for nervous diseases and physical debility, premature exhaustion and loss to vital energy with other allied affections.

A Pamphlet, containing Testimonials from Europeans, will be sent free of charge on application.

To be had of
VAIDYA SHASTRI MANISHANKAR GOVINDJI,
Atank-Nigrah Pharmacy,
KALKADEVI ROAD, BOMBAY.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

HOTEL WINDSOR,

VICTORIA STREET, WESTMINSTER,
LONDON, S. W., ENGLAND.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

ELECTRICALLY lighted throughout day and night. Moderate Tariff. Table d'Hote at Separate Tables, from 6-30 to 8-30 (open to non-residents). Turkish Baths.

INCLUSIVE TERMS FROM 12s. PER DAY.

J. R. CLEAVE,
Proprietor.

THE DENSMORE TYPEWRITER.

WHAT IS NEW

SOLID, ONE-PIECE FRAME.
WIDE BALL BEARINGS at Typebars.
TWO SHIFT KEYS, two Shifts each.
BACK SPACER KEY.
AUTOMATIC RIBBON REVERSE.
WHEEL ESCAPEMENT, giving ordinary and speed action.
POINTER, showing vertical and lateral position of the writing.
UNIQUE PAPER REGULATOR.
JUSTIFIER to condense a word or line.
AUTOMATIC PAPER RELEASE.
PAPER FEEDING GUIDES.
BALL-BEARINGS, added at many places.

SOLE AGENTS:
ORIENTAL COMMERCIAL AGENCY,
50-52, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

RATNER SAFE CO., LD.,
OF LONDON,
MANUFACTURERS OF
TWELVE CORNER BENT
FIRE, FALL, AND THIEF RESISTING SAFES.

WE have received a large consignment of these SAFES to be SOLD at the Wholesale Prices. Apply to the Undersigned, at their Office, 67, Meadow Street, Fort.

PURSHOTAM VISHRAM & CO.,
SOLE AGENTS.
Bombay, July, 1903.

Of Course you require the BEST Cup of Tea possible.

THEREFORE YOU SHOULD DRINK ONLY
BRITANNIA BRAND TEAS
(KANGRA VALLEY)
which are undoubtedly the BEST and CHEAPEST
And are specially selected from the CHOICEST GROWTHS OBTAINABLE.

TEA AND COFFEE MART,
80, 82, 84, HORNBY ROAD,
FORT, BOMBAY.

THE
ORIENTAL
GOVERNMENT SECURITY
LIFE ASSURANCE
COMPANY, LIMITED.

Established 1874.

FUNDS EXCEED TWO CRORES and TEN LAKHS
INVESTED IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Rates are the lowest with safety, being based upon the Company's actual experience since its Establishment.

Unsurpassed in ADVANTAGES, and LIBERALITY to POLICYHOLDERS.

Safest and Best Organization for Policyholders of any Indian Company.

Claims paid immediately upon receipt of satisfactory proof.

ENDOWMENTS
AND
ANNUITIES
ON
SPECIALLY ATTRACTIVE TERMS.

Full Particulars and Forms may be obtained on application to the Company's Office,
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

R. PATERSON BROWN,
Manager.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE-NEZ.

DURING the Hot Steamy Weather when your Glasses persist in falling off your nose, a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense, will be found a great boon.

They are self adjusting
There is nothing to break
They are always Horizontal
They are the acme of comfort and very strong
No slipping off the Nose.

Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting:—
Nickel Rs. 3-8. Gold Rs. 35.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

ARIEL CYCLES.

Rs. 200 CASH OR HIRE PURCHASE SYSTEM.
ILLUSTRATED BOOKLET ON APPLICATION.

CYCLE CAPES FOR THE MONSOON
FOOTBALLS, CRICKET BALLS,
HOT WATER BOTTLES
AND
RUBBER GOODS OF ALL DESCRIPTION.
FRESH STOCK OF CARRIAGE RUBBER NOW ON SHOW.
INSPECTION INVITED. SATISFACTION GUARANTEED

SOLE AGENTS:
THE CORONATION CYCLE
AND
RUBBER GOODS DEPOT,

POONA: Messrs. PRIEST & Co. HORNBY ROAD, BOMBAY. CALCUTTA: Messrs. MAUD & Co.

LONDON & LANCASHIRE LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

[ESTABLISHED 1862]

Assurances on every sound and approved Plan effected on most Favourable Terms.

NORWICH & LONDON ACCIDENT INSURANCE ASSOCIATION.

(ESTABLISHED 1856).

THE NORWICH UNION FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY.
(ESTABLISHED 1797).

THE PHŒNIX ASSURANCE CO., LD.
(ESTABLISHED 1782).

THE LANCASHIRE INSURANCE CO.
now merged in the ROYAL INSURANCE, CO.
(ESTABLISHED 1850).

As Agents of the above First-class Offices, we are prepared to accept LIFE, ACCIDENT, and FIRE RISKS.

Terms on application to W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., BOMBAY.

NEMESIS' THE MAGIC CURE for Malaria, Influenza, Intermittent, Remittent and Plague Fevers. A trial is solicited. Per Bottle, Re. 1

F. S. MADON & Co.,
170, Shaikh Memon St. Bombay. AGUE SPECIFIC.

THE TWO BEST

INDIAN CIGARS

IN ASIA

ARE

BOUQUETS
AND
LIGHT OF ASIA

CIGARS.

A TRIAL WILL CONVINCE YOU

OF THIS.

McDOWELL & CO., LD.,

MADRAS.

WRITE FOR ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE.

NEW STERLING EXCHANGE TABLE.

THE *Bombay Gazette* are bringing out a small neatly bound STERLING EXCHANGE TABLE, covering all RATES in 32nds, both Sterling into Rupees and Rupees into Sterling, from 1s. 3 3-4d. to 1-4 23-32. The Book will, it is thought, supply a long-felt want, as since the stoppage of the free coinage of silver rates have varied well within those given both for demand and six month's Currency Bills, and the extensive and expensive tables in general use are now no longer required. The form adopted will also greatly facilitate the conversion of broken amounts.

To subscribers the cost will be Rs. 1-8 per copy. To non-subscribers Rs. 2.

START, STOP AND FLY-BACK CHRONOGRAPHS.

GUARANTEED ABSOLUTELY ACCURATE.

IMPORTANT.—Every Timekeeper is carefully overhauled, adjusted and regulated and timed before delivery.

		Rs.
I.	Nickel Silver, Crystal Face, Keyless Lever Chronograph and Minute Recorder, without Watch	25
II.	Do. do. do. Superior quality	35
III.	Nickel Silver, Crystal Face, Keyless Double or Split Chronograph and Minute Recorder, without Watch	55
IV.	Nickel Silver, Crystal Face, Keyless Lever Watch, combined with Chronograph and Minute Recorder	65
V.	Do. do. do. Superior quality	90
VI.	Silver Cased, Keyless, Double or Split Chronograph and Minute Recorder, without Watch	65
VII.	Silver Cased, Keyless Lever Chronograph and Watch, Crystal Face, Rs. 90; Hunting or Half-hunting	100
VIII.	Silver Cased, Perfect Chronograph and Minute Recorder, with Watch, Keyless Lever movement of excellent quality, Crystal Face Case, Rs. 175; Hunting or Half-hunting	185
IX.	Silver Cased Double Crystal Keyless Lever Chronograph, with Minute Recorder and Watch	65
X.	Gold Cased Do. do. do. do. do.	175
XI.	Gold Cased Crystal Face, the Trainer's Chronograph and Watch, Keyless Lever Movement	185
XII.	Do. do. do. with Minute Recorder	310
XIII.	Gold Chronograph with Minute Recorder and Watch, Keyless Lever Movement of extra fine quality and finish. Crystal Face Case, Rs. 500; Hunting or Half-hunting	550
XIV.	Gold Crystal Face, Keyless Lever Chronograph with Minute Recorder and Watch of the highest quality, Rs. 950; Hunting or Half-hunting Case	1,050

MARCKS & CO., LIMITED,

WATCHMAKERS AND JEWELLERS,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

ATLAS PRESERVATIVE A

DESTROYS WHITE ANTS, PRESERVES WOOD, ERADICATES WEEDS AND IS A STRONG DISINFECTANT.

ATLAS PRESERVATIVE E

LAWSON'S "ARROW" BOILER FLUID, PREVENTS SCALE AND COROSSION IN BOILERS.

BRASS SAIL EYELETS AND GROMETS WITH RINGS
PAINTS, OILS AND VARNISHES.

W. CROWDER AND CO., LD.,
3, APOLLO STREET.

WEDDING CAKES, Artistically Decorated and Almond Iced, made to any size, at Re. 1-8 per lb.

WEDDING CAKE ORNAMENTS, Each Ornament complete with Bouquet, from Re. 8 to 25 each. A large selection to choose from.

WEDDING CAKE STANDS: Designs submitted and made to order.

CRACKERS [illegible] Rs. per box.

WEDDING FAVORS, (with Satin Ribbon and [illegible])
WEDDING FLAGS, White Silk, As. 12 and Re. 1 each.
WEDDING CAKE WREATHS, a beautiful assortment.
WEDDING CAKE BOXES, in four sizes, from Re. 1 per dozen.
CONFETTI, Etc. Etc. Etc.

AT

MONGINI BROTHERS,

MANUFACTURING CONFECTIONERS AND CATERERS.
25—27, CHURCH GATE STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.
TELEPHONE No. 325.

"MUSAFFI" PILLS

OF CASCARA AND MAYAPPLE
according to HUXLEY'S approved formula.
They "WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP"
For BILIOUSNESS, SICK HEADACHES, INDIGESTION,
as a Purgative, 2 to 3 Pills on going to bed.
For CONSTIPATION and DYSPEPSIA
as a LAXATIVE and DINNER PILL, one for a dose.
100 Pills (sold in Bottles) for 12 Annas, plus 3 Annas for V. P. P.

BOMBAY AGENTS:
ESAFALLY HIPTOLLA.
ABDOOL REHMAN ST., BOMBAY.
UP-COUNTRY AGENTS WANTED.)

P. & O. PASSENGERS
KNOW AND APPRECIATE
CATTO'S
WHISKY.

NOW FOR SALE AT LEADING BARS, HOTELS,
AND AT

FELICE CORNAGLIA. D. C. COMRIGUR. | MONGINI BROS. J. F KUTHOKE. | W. B. GREEN & Co. D. D. BARIA.

ALSO
AT ALL WINE MERCHANTS.

THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE"
RAILWAY GUIDE.
IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.

AS an unusually heavy demand for COPIES of the BOMBAY GAZETTE RAILWAY GUIDE published at the beginning of each month, is expected next month, orders should be registered at the BOMBAY GAZETTE office, 18, Esplanade Road, at an early [illegible]. This RAILWAY GUIDE is the most useful published and in view of the extensive alterations in the TIME TABLES of nearly all the Railways in India should prove an indispensable reference in all offices.

Price: Eight Annas per Copy. Annual Subscription, Rs. [illegible]

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

TOWN HALL.

TO-NIGHT : TO-NIGHT !!
AT 9-15 P. M.

GRAND VARIETY CONCERT.

MANDOLINE BAND of the NORTH STAFFORD REGIMENT.

The following Ladies and Gentlemen have kindly consented to assist :—Miss ERNST, Miss F. M. TINGEY, Miss ROSENBERG, (the Russian Pianist) Messrs. D. LEVESTONE, W. TYE, Ch. PINCKNEY, S. H. CLARKE, Signor MOLINI, and L. MONGINI.

PRICES Rs. 1, 2, and Rs. 3.

Soldiers and Sailors Half Price to Back Seats. Grand Piano kindly lent by Messrs. Marcks & Co., Limited.

Accompanist : Mr. SEYMOUR DOVE.

Plan at SEYMOUR DOVE & Co., 49, Medow Street.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO ARRIVED per S. S. "IDZUMI MARU," from SINGAPORE, CHINA, JAPAN, etc., are hereby informed that she is DISCHARGING her CARGO in No. 2 VICTORIA DOCK. All landing for Godowns, &c., must be sent to the Quay within ten days after the Steamer's arrival, otherwise they will not be entertained. No Survey will be held on Packages warehoused or removed from the Landing Sheds.

T. KUSUMOTO,
Manager, Nippon Yusen Kaisha
Nasarvanji Buildings, Fort, Bombay, 22nd July, 1903.

POONA 2ND EXTRA MEETING.

SATURDAY, 1st AUGUST, 1903.

OWNERS are reminded that ENTRY CLOSES at 6 P. M., on MONDAY, 27th August, 1903.

CECIL GRAY,
Secretary, W. I. T. C.

Poona, 22nd July, 1903.

THE BOMBAY BURMAH TRADING CORPORATION, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that an INTERIM DIVIDEND of 10 per cent. namely Rs. 10 per Whole Share
Rs. 2½ per Quarter Share
has been declared, made payable on and after 3rd August, to shareholders whose names are on the Register on 27th July.

The TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED from 28th July to 10th August, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
WALLACE & CO.,
Secretaries, Treasurers and Managers.

Bombay, 15th July, 1903.

KING, KING & Co., BOMBAY.
KING, HAMILTON & Co., CALCUTTA.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened free of charge for Commission, and interest at 2 per cent. per annum credited on 30th June and 31st December, when the minimum balance does not fall below Rs. 500. Currency Notes of all Circles and Demand Drafts payable in Bombay received without charge.

FIXED DEPOSITS received, subject to six and twelve months' notice of withdrawal as rates which may be ascertained on application.

REMITTANCES TO THE UNITED KINGDOM, Inland and Telegraphic, made at the current rates of Exchange, and addresses in connection with the Money received Free of Charge through Messrs. HENRY S. KING & CO., 65, Cornhill, London.

LONDON :
HENRY S. KING & CO.

NOTICE.

MACKENZIE, LYALL & Co.

WILL SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION
At 1 P.M., on FRIDAY, the 28TH AUGUST, 1903,
AT THE EXCHANGE COMMERCIAL SALE ROOMS,
If not previously disposed of by private contract,
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PUBLISHED WEEKLY.

THE BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT, AND SUMMARY OF TRADE,

Published at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, on the Departure of the Overland Mail for Europe.

The Bombay Price Current contains—
A Tabulated Review of the Market Report,
Freight Report, &c.
Summary of Cotton Exports during the Week.
Imports and Exports of Bullion.
Comparative Summaries of Exports from Bombay up to date, as per Ships' Manifests, with the total Exports for the month, and for the same period, as far back as 1895 and 1902 respectively.
Comparative Summaries of Imports, of Piece-Goods, and of Yarn into Bombay from Great Britain up to date, with the total for the month, and the same period, as far back as 1895 and 1902, respectively.
Price Lists and Rates of Exchange.
List of Vessels in Bombay Harbour on the date of publication, and Arrivals and Departures of Vessels during the Week.
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PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

BYCULLA CLUB.

THE HALF-YEARLY GENERAL MEETING of the Members of the Byculla Club will be held at the Club House, on WEDNESDAY, the 26th August, 1903, at 9-30 P.M.

C. BOILEAU,
Hony. Secretary.

24th July, 1903.

NOTICE.

MR J. C. DIAS has contracted TO SELL to my Client, all that piece or parcel of Fazendari land or ground, with the messuages, tenement or dwelling house, hereditaments and premises standing thereon, situate in Bombay, without the Fort on the North Side of Cavel Street, in the sub-district of Bandekwar, containing by admeasurement 133 square yards or thereabouts, bounded on the East by a passage used in common by the tenants of the premises conveyed or to be sold and also by the tenants of the neighbouring house and the house of F. Morais, on the West by the property of Jairam Hari and others, on the North by the property belonging to the C. P. Dias, and on the South by the Cavel Street or Gaivadi Lane and which said dwelling-house and premises were formerly assessed by the Municipality under No. 191, and are now assessed under No 117. C. Ward, which said premises are in the occupation of the tenants of the said J. C. Dias. Should any person be interested in the said property as heir, mortgagee, lessee or in any other way whatsoever he should notify his claim to me within one week from this day, failing which the sale will be completed and any such claim will be considered as waived.

M. J. PINTO DE ANDRADE, B.A., LL.B.,
Vakil, High Court,
Pleader for the Purchaser.

Bombay, 18 Cavel Street, 22nd July, 1903.

AUSTRALIAN GLAZED PHOTOGRAPHIC STUDIO.
9, CHURCH GATE STREET, WATSON BUILDING.

THE WELL-KNOWN PHOTOGRAPHER, B. S. POCHEE, has RETURNED from AUSTRALIA and asks the PATRONAGE of his Friends and Customers.

NOTICE.

THE HALF-YEARLY GENERAL MEETING of the CLUB OF WESTERN INDIA, Poona, will be held on 15th AUGUST, 1903, at 5-30 P. M.

W. J. GOOLD, Major,
Honorary Secretary.

Poona, 16th July, 1903.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

THE OFFICES of Messrs. DADABHOY HORMUSJEE & Co., COOPER LANDING COMPANY, and RAMCHUNDER MAHADEO & Co. will be REMOVED from "Alice Buildings," 31, Hornby Road, to "DADY HOUSE," 17 and 18, CHURCH GATE STREET, Second Floor, from the 27th inst.

Bombay, 20th July, 1903.

NOW READY.

"BOMBAY GAZETTE"
OVERLAND SUMMARY,

The *BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY* prepared for despatch by each Overland Mail for Europe, contains, in addition to all the news of the week, a specially-written Market and Freight Report, and a well-digested Summary of Events.

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POONA RACING SEASON 1903.

THE RACING SEASON will consist of the EXTRA MEETINGS and the POONA RACES and STEEPLECHASES.

The EXTRA MEETINGS will probably commence on SATURDAY, 25th July, and it is proposed to hold about twelve Extra Meetings during July, August, September, and October, on SATURDAYS, whenever possible, and on occasional other days.

The POONA RACES and STEEPLE-CHASES (six days) will be held on 23rd, 26th, and 28th September, and on 1st, 3rd, and 5th October.

Rates for Season Tickets will be as follows :—

SEASON.	Poona Races Season, Extra Meetings & Chaser. (About 18 days.)	The Extra Meetings only. (About 12 days.)	Poona Races and Chaser. (6 days.)
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
SINGLE TICKET	50	30	25
DOUBLE TICKET, i.e., two separate Tickets for one Lady and one Gentleman	60	35	30
FAMILY TICKET, i.e., four separate Tickets for three Ladies and one Gentleman	70	40	35
SINGLE TICKET (for Ladies only) ..	20	10	10
PRIVATE BOX to hold six persons (if available)	120		(In addition to above charges.)

DAY TICKETS.

FIRST ENCLOSURE	SECOND ENCLOSURE
Rs. a.	Rs. a.
Ticket (Lady only) ... 2	[illegible]
SINGLE TICKET ... 5	SOLDIERS in UNIFORM ... 1 0
DOUBLE TICKET, i.e., separate Tickets for 1 Lady and 1 Gentleman ... 6	LADY ... 0 8
FAMILY TICKET, i.e., separate Tickets for 3 Ladies and 1 Gentleman ... 8	
PRIVATE BOX (to hold 6 ladies to hold 8 persons ... 12 (in addition to above charges.)	

N. B.—RESERVED Accommodation for Ladies with Badges and for Members of the Turf Club who wear their Badges is reserved on both the first and top floors of the Stand.

Tickets are obtainable at the Office of the Turf Club at the Race Stand, Poona, or at the gate.

No Tickets will be issued without payment.

SPECIAL TRAINS from and back to Bombay will run as usual.

CECIL GRAY,
Secretary, W. I. T. C.

The Race Stand, Poona, 1st July, 1903.

BY APPOINTMENT
H. E. THE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY.

NOORMAHOMED RUTTONSEY,
SADDLER AND HARNESS MAKER,
BHENDI BAZAR, BOMBAY.

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Pig Iron, Tool Steel, Spring Steel and Keg Steel Genuine Lowmoor, and Swedish Iron.

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SPECIAL SHORT ADVTS.

Only Advertisements for Clerks, Servants, &c., Houses to Let, and Goods for Sale or Wanted, are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only.) Three lines, per insertion, One Rupee. Every additional line, Eight Annas. REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid.

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ARIEL CYCLES.—A large Stock on view, Rs. 200. Cash or Hire Purchase System. Punctures, Ans. 4, while you wait. Fresh stock of Carriage Rubber now on show. Sole Agents, THE CORONATION CYCLE & RUBBER GOODS DEPOT, Hornby Road, Bombay.

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AN OUNCE of satisfaction is worth a Ton of Talk. Satisfaction GOES WITH SOUBBA'S AGUE SPECIFIC. Best for Malarial and other Fevers. Never known to fail.—MADON, SONS & Co., Bombay.

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VISITORS to POONA will obtain decent CYCLES on HIRE from WELLINGTON CYCLE Co. 289, Main Street, (opposite the Cantonment Court), Poona.

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SET OF SOVEREIGN STUDS,
Re. 1-8,
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Re. 1-8,
OR A
LADY'S NECK CHAIN,
Rs. 2,
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		Rs
1 Prize Cash		2,000
1 Do.	"	500
1 Do.	"	250
1 Do.	"	200
1 Do.	"	100
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6 Do.	" 50 " ...	300
10 Do.	" 20 " ...	200
100 Do.	" 1 " ...	100
100 Do.	" ½ " ...	50
300 Do.	" ¼ " ...	000
523 Prizes	Total ...	5,000

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	Whole Life Premiums.	Premiums Limited to			Payable at death, or in				
		10 years.	15 years.	20 years.	15 years.	20 years.	25 years.		
	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.		
20	21 10	48 8	36 6	30 7	64 5	47 6	37 11	20	
21	22 1	49 4	36 14	30 15	64 6	47 8	37 13	21	
22	22 9	50 0	37 7	31 7	64 8	47 10	37 15	22	
23	23 1	50 12	38 0	31 15	64 9	47 12	38 1	23	
24	23 9	51 8	38 10	32 7	64 11	47 14	38 4	24	
25	24 2	52 5	39 4	33 0	64 13	48 0	38 7	25	
26	24 11	53 2	39 15	33 9	64 15	48 3	38 10	26	
27	25 5	54 0	40 10	34 2	65 1	48 6	38 14	27	
28	25 15	54 14	41 5	34 12	65 4	48 9	39 2	28	
29	26 9	55 13	42 1	35 6	65 7	48 12	39 6	29	
30	27 4	56 13	42 13	36 0	65 10	49 0	39 11	30	
31	27 15	57 13	43 10	36 11	65 13	49 4	40 0	31	
32	28 11	58 14	44 7	37 6	66 0	49 8	40 6	32	
33	29 8	59 15	45 4	38 2	66 4	49 13	40 12	33	
34	30 6	61 1	46 2	38 15	66 8	50 2	41 3	34	
35	31 5	62 4	47 1	39 12	66 13	50 8	41 10	35	
36	32 5	63 8	48 0	40 10	67 2	50 14	42 2	36	
37	33 5	64 12	49 0	41 9	67 8	51 5	42 11	37	
38	34 6	66 1	50 1	42 0	67 14	51 13	43 5	38	
39	35 8	67 6	51 3	43 8	68 4	52 5	43 15	39	
40	36 11	68 12	52 5	44 9	68 11	52 14	44 10	40	
41	38 0	70 3	53 8	45 11	69 3	53 8	45 6	41	
42	39 5	71 11	54 12	46 14	69 12	54 3	46 4	42	
43	40 13	73 4	56 1	48 2	70 6	55 0	47 3	43	
44	42 5	74 13	57 6	49 7	71 0	55 14	48 4	44	
45	43 14	76 7	58 12	50 13	71 11	56 13	49 6	45	

A PERSON OF 30 may secure Rs. 1,000 at Death by a yearly payment of Rs. 27-4 during The life Premium would generally elsewhere secure Rs. 800 only instead of Rs. 1,000.

OR, if unwilling to burden himself with payments during his whole life, he may secure the same sum of Rs. 1,000 by twenty yearly payments of Rs. 36, being thus free of Premiums before age 50; this premium being about the same as most Offices require during the whole term of life.

OR, if preferring to make provision for his old age or for his family in case of death, he may secure the same sum of Rs. 1,000 payable at age 55 or death by yearly payments of Rs. 39-11.

TO PROFESSIONAL MEN AND OTHERS

Whose income is dependent upon health, the Limited Payment System or Endowments Assurance is specially recommended.

R. F. ALLUM, General Manager.

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COMPOUND
RENAL PILLS

A speedily reliable remedy for Pains in the Back, Gravel, Lumbago, Gout, Rheumatism, Disease of the Bladder, &c., which too frequently harass the sufferer over the best years of life, and eventually bring on premature death. By restoring a strong action of the kidneys, and by the use of these Pills, the natural stability of the stomach, and promote the functions of the kidneys, which should have been carried off by the urine, are solely from contamination of the blood with certain ingredients which should have been carried off by the kidneys; and by the use of these Pills a speedy cure will be effected in twenty-four cases out of one hundred. Sold in Bottles at 1s. 9d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., and 11s. by all the principal Merchants in India.

Consumers are specially requested to see that every package bears the British Government Stamp, with the words "Dr. De Roos' London" impressed thereon, to guard against counterfeits.

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WORLD-FAMED
GUTTÆ VITÆ,
OR, LIFE DROPS.

The Great European Remedy for Nervous & Functional Debility, Spermatorrhœa, &c.

This remarkable rejuvenating essence strengthens the vitality of the whole system, gives energy to the muscles, and speedily restores the impaired powers of life, imparting strength and manly vigour to the most debilitated and worn-out constitution. Those who suffer from Premature Decay, or deficiency of the Vital Forces, owing to indiscretion in early life, or any other cause, will find this medicine just what they require. Equally adapted for the studious and sedentary : the aged and infirm ; the nervous and debilitated ; as also for delicate females and weakly children. All sufferers from loss of appetite, nervous headache, lassitude, and despondency—too often accompanied with suicidal thoughts—should make immediate and fair progressional trial of this wonderful medicine, which is daily effecting the most remarkable cures in patients who had been given up by the Faculty. In all cases of nervous and functional debility (arising from whatever cause), it is truly unrivalled. To married persons especially, this preparation will prove invaluable, giving strength and vigour in place of lassitude and

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SEND 2 STAMPS for Illustrated Booklet of Elastic Hosiery, Water Bottles, Bandages Belts, Trusses, Syringes, Enemas, Surgical Appliances, and specialities of Every Description.

N.B.—We send all goods on approval, and guarantee English manufacture.

NORTHERN SURGICAL AND DOMESTIC APPLIANCE COMPANY.

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161, Seven Sisters Road, Holloway, London, England.

'GRAPHOLOGIST'S ELECTRO VIGOUR PILLS'

THE MOST WONDERFUL MEDICINE FOR NERVOUS DEBILITY AND LOSS OF MANHOOD.

THESE PILLS wonderfully increase Blood and strengthen the Limbs, improve Digestion and Appetite and Restore the broken down Constitution to Health and Vigour.

Price per Bottle Rs. 2. Postage Extra.

To introduce this Greatest Tonic, Graphologist will post you a Trial Bottle on receipt of 4 Annas Postage Stamps.

Please Address :—

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GENT'S TAILORS AND LADIES' DRESSMAKERS.

LADIES' OWN MATERIALS,

MADE UP ACCORDING TO LATEST FASHION, STYLE, FIT, AND WORKMANSHIP GUARANTEED.

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OPPOSITE GOKULDAS HOSPITAL.

INSURANCES.

THE DEMAND FOR

STANDARD POLICIES

EVERY YEAR since 1865 the NEW BUSINESS has exceeded £1,000,000 sums assured PER ANNUM—a result maintained uninterruptedly for so long a period by

NO OTHER BRITISH OFFICE.

NEW POLICIES IN 1902 ISSUED FOR..... £2,337,000

ACCUMULATED FUNDS..... £10,640,000

ASSURANCES IN FORCE..... £27,000,000

ASK FOR THE 1903 PROSPECTUS containing the LATEST RATES and NEW SCHEMES, obtainable from

F. A. PREVOST,
Secretary, Bombay Branch.

BINNY & Co.,
Chief Agents, Madras.

CRUSHED FOOD FOR HORSES.

BEST CRUSHED HORSE FOOD prepared by machinery; clean, wholesome, and fresh. First of its kind in Bombay. At Rs. 4-8 per cwt. Delivered free in Bombay.

Crushed Gram, Barley, Oats, and Bran can be had at very moderate prices in any quantity WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Up-country Orders carefully executed with prompt attention. Trial solicited.

S. M. ALLARAKHIA,
GRAIN MERCHANT, AGENT, AND CONTRACTOR
37, Behrain Road, Byculla, Bombay.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY

TRADE THERAPION MARK.

This successful and highly popular remedy, as employed in the Continental Hospitals by Ricord, Rostan, Jobert, Velpeau, and others, combines all the desiderata to be sought in a medicine of the kind, and surpasses everything hitherto employed.

THERAPION No. 1 in a few days only removes all discharges from the urinary organs, effectually superseding Injections, the use of which is highly injurious, by laying the foundation of stricture and other serious diseases. In dysentery, piles, irritation of the lower bowel, cough, bronchitis, asthma, and some of the most distressing complaints of this kind, it will be found astonishingly efficacious, affording prompt relief where other well tried remedies have been powerless.

THERAPION No. 2 for impurity of the blood, scurvy, pimples, spots, blotches, pains and swellings of the joints—often mistaken for rheumatism—secondary symptoms disease of the bones, sore throat, nodes, and all cases for which it has been too much a fashion to employ mercury, sarsaparilla, &c., to the destruction of the sufferer's teeth and ruin of health. This preparation purifies the whole system, thins the blood, and thoroughly eliminates every poisonous matter from the body.

THERAPION No. 3 for nervous exhaustion, waste of vitality, harassing dreams, and all the distressing consequences arising from early error, excess, residence in hot, unhealthy climates, &c. It possesses surprising power in restoring strength and vigour to the debilitated.

THERAPION may be procured at 2/9 and 4/6 per package, of all the principal Chemists and Merchants throughout the World. In ordering, the purchaser should state which of the three numbers he requires, and observe above Registered Trade Mark, which is a fac-simile of the word "THERAPION" as it appears on the Government Stamp (in white letters on a red ground), affixed to every genuine package by order of Her Majesty's Hon Commissioners, and without which it is a forgery.

FOR THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE.

Clarke's Blood Mixture

THE WORLD-FAMED BLOOD PURIFIER AND RESTORER.

IS WARRANTED TO ERADICATE THE BLOOD from all impurities from whatever cause arising.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Eczema, Skin and Blood Diseases, Blotches, Pimples, and Sores of all kinds, it is a never-failing and permanent Cure. It Clears Old Sores,
Cures Scrofula Sores,
Cures Sore Neck,
Cures Sore Legs,
Cures Blackhead or Pimples on the Face,
Cures Scurvy,
Cures Ulcers,
Cures Blood and Skin Diseases,
Cures Glandular Swellings,
Clears the Blood from all impure Matter from whatever cause arising.

It is a real specific for Gout and Rheumatic pains. It removes the cause from the Blood and Bones.

As this Mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

Colour-Sergeant Instructor Jno. Howarth, Cheshire Regiment, Chester, writes:—"I suffered from Rheumatism in my hands and feet for over five years. I also had a bruised shin bone, through which I could rest only for a few minutes at a time. All sorts of remedies were applied, but I could find any good for more than a few days. But I must add I am pleased to say I have not felt the least pain since—in fact, I am in as good health as ever I was in my life.

"Moreover, I told two friends of mine who were laid up with Rheumatism of my case, and they tried 'Clarke's Blood Mixture.' They are tailors by trade, and in seven days they were at work again. They say this medicine cannot be too highly praised.

"May 18, 1898."

Mr. George Price, St. Margaret's-on-Thames writes:—"I feel that I should write you a few lines in praise of Clarke's Blood Mixture. I have been suffering these last few years with Eczema and Blotches, which prevented me following my occupation, and I can safely say I have spent scores of pounds in all sorts of other medicines. A little while ago, however, I was advised by a friend of mine who has taken Clarke's Blood Mixture to try a bottle, and to my great relief I am a new man and able at the present time to go on with my business, being now quite well. In fact, I cannot give it too much praise. You are at liberty to make what use you like of this testimonial for the benefit of others who may be suffering from the same complaint.

"December 29, 1899."

THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS OF WONDERFUL CURES FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

Clarke's Blood Mixture is sold in Bottles at 2s. 9d. each, and in cases containing six times the quantity, 11s.—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of outstanding cases—BY ALL CHEMISTS and PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS throughout the world. Proprietors, The LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG COMPANY, Lincoln, England. Trade Mark—"BLOOD MIXTURE."

CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE.

CAUTION.—Purchasers of Clarke's Blood Mixture should see that they get the genuine article. Worthless imitations and substitutes are sometimes palmed off by unprincipled Vendors. The word "Lincoln" and Midland Counties Drug Company, Lincoln, England," are engraved on the Government Stamp, and "Clarke's Blood Mixture" is blown in the glass of the bottle. WITHOUT WHICH NONE ARE GENUINE.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

LONDON, JULY 23.

SECURITIES—		
2½ per cent. Consols	91 7-8	= — 1/4
2 per cent. Reduced	89 1/4	= — 1/4
2½ per cent. Indian Sterling Loan	£103	= — 1/2
3½ per cent. Indian Enfaced Rupee Paper	£85 11 16	= + 1 1/6
SILVER—		
Spot in London	25 3/8	= uncharged
3 months hence	25	= + 1/16
Spot in New York	55	= + 1 1/8
EXCHANGES—		
Paris cheques	25 13	= — 1
Berlins	20 38	= + 1/4
New York Demand	4 8 6 1 4	= unchanged
DISCOUNTS—		
Bank of England	3 per ct	= do
3 months sight Bank Bills	2 3/8 per ct	= do
do.	2 7/8 per ct	= do
3 months sight Fine Trade Bills	2 3/4 per ct	= do
6 months sight Fine Trade Bills	3 3/8 per ct	= do
INTEREST—		
Day to day loans	1 3/4 per ct	= + 3/8
7 day market loans	3 3/8 per ct	= + 1 7/8

Sugar German granulated 1st marks 9 1-3. July-Aug. Steady.

Rapeseed—Yellow Genoral 31 1-2. July-Aug. Sellers.

Rapeseed.—Brown 31 5-8. Aug.-Sept. Sellers. Tone quiet.

In Liverpool—

Cotton Market closed firmer. Surats dull. Manchester dull. Total sales 14,000. Spot 6 68 plus 14. Sold on speculation and for export 8,000. Imports 7,000. Arrivals closed steady.

July-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.
6 31	6 35	5 98	5 47
+10	+9	+14	+11
Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-April.
5 36	5 31	5 29	5 28	5 28
+10	+10	+9	+9	+9

In New York—

Receipts at the Port	1,000	bales.
Do. last year	1,000	"
Exports to Great Britain	Nil	"
do. Continent	Nil	"
Mid-Uplands	13 75/4+ 55	
Futures, month of July	13 30 + 10	
Do. do. December	9 60 —4	

In New Orleans—

Spot	13 1 8 + 1 8	
Futures, month of Sept	10 98 — 6	
Do. do. December	9 45 — 8	
Tone at close	Quiet.	

Arrivals of Cotton, Wheat and Seeds into Bombay during the 24 hours ending at 6 p.m., on Thursday, 23rd July, 1903 :—

Cotton	3,211 bales.
Wheat	7,752 cwts.
Linseed	2,935 "
Rape, Rai and Mustard seeds	3,743 "
Gingelly seed	28 "
Poppyseed	1,597 "
Groundnut	51 "
Castorseed	977 "
Rice	23,368 "
Myrabolams	103 "
Cottonseed	1,917 "

BOMBAY, FRIDAY, JULY 24.

COTTON.—Again, during the past week, the active manipulation of American speculators has held the Cotton trade spell bound. It is impossible to conceive what may happen from day to day. The present operators have apparently been able to finance the July position, and there seems a probability that we shall once more see Cotton the plaything of speculation in August and September. The statistical position of the staple is as strong as ever. At the beginning of next season there will be an absence of stock all over the world, with the probable exception of Bombay. A very large American Crop will be necessary to meet the demand, and until this is assured there seems no reason why prices for New Crop should decline to any extent. A 12 million Crop would suffice, but anything much short of this would again place the market in the hands of speculators, and what this means to legitimate business we know from past experience.

In the meantime, until something definite is known about the new Crop the trade remains content to look on. There is sufficient risk of Spain in Europe at present to meet the requirements, and Consequently there is at latest no demand at the moment.

As usual we give below the prices ruling in New York it is week compared with last week.

	16th July.	23rd July.
Mid Uplands	12 70	13 50 = plus 80
Futures, month of July	12 40	13 30 = plus 90
" " August	8 52	9 62 = plus 17

For spot and near futures these are the highest prices touched this season.

In spite of the advance in America our local market has been quiet during the week, and unaffected by the upward movement. The business doing in ready cotton for export has been practically nil, and mills in the early part of the week were quiet buyers, picking up cheap lots from sellers who were willing to make them the concessions asked. To-day they are fear buyers, but holders are not quite to anxious to part. In New Crop the lowest prices touched during the week were for good Broach delivery 15 March 1904 and for fully good Bengals 25 January delivery. Some small transactions have taken place with exporters at Rs. 197 for fine Domangaum-Polgaum delivery 25th December-25th January. The following are closing quotations for New Crop :—

Good to Choice Rs. 223-224 delivery 25 March 04
Fine M. G. Bengals " 184 " Nov.-Dec.
" H. G. " 181 " Dec.-Jan.
Fully Good H. G. " 173-174 " 25 January 04
Fine Khangaum Akola Karanja fair staple } " 193-194 " Dec.-January
Fine Domangaum Poolgaum " 197 198 " Dec.-January
Fully good Khandesh " 178 " Do.
Fine Omrawattee (Beliati) " 190-191 " Do.

WEATHER AND CROP REPORTS.—On the whole the rainfall during the past week has been satisfactory and in some places a break is needed. Good rain has fallen in the Gujrat and Northern India and the anxiety felt in regard to rain has been allayed. In the Punjab also rain has been general and cotton plants are doing well. In Cawnpore there has been no rain and the absence of it is causing anxiety. Throughout the Berars and Khandesh food-grain sowings are well on, and cotton plants are in a flourishing condition. In Broach a break is needed as the cotton plant want fine weather. In Southern India more rain is wanted generally.

LINSEED.—At the commencement of the week the market ruled steady at Rs. 6-8 with a small business doing, but a decline has since been established and the rate now ruling is Rs. 6-6-6, the market closing dull.

RAPESEED has been quiet during the week with little doing, and rates have declined one anna to two annas in a weak market, the closing prices being as follows :—

Brown Cawnpore	Rs. 5 4	per cwt
Yellow Cawnpore	" 5 10	"
Yellow Gujerat	" 5 12	"

POPPYSEED.—The market has been practically unchanged throughout the week with a small demand. At the close the rate is slightly lower, the quotation being Rs. 6-3-6 in a dull market.

CASTORSEED.—There has been little or nothing doing in this article, the rate throughout the week having been steady at Rs. 20-8. The closing quotation is Rs. 20-4.

WHEAT.—The market has been fairly steady with a small business passing, and rates have varied but slightly. We close in active with prices about 4 annas per candy lower than last week's quotations, viz. :—

Pissi 91 per cent	Rs. 23 0	per candy
Club, No. 1	" 23 8	"
Hard, Red	" 23 0	"

FREIGHTS.—The Market opened quiet at the beginning of the week and a small business was done for Liverpool at 14-6 for this month. For Marseilles seeds were booked at 16s. There was some demand for August at 14s, but sellers were asking 3d. more. Later on a steamer was put on the berth for Amsterdam and Hamburg and a line was done at 14-6 for August, and Genoa was also booked at this rate for the same month. For July a small business has been done at 16s. 6d to 16s. 9d, according to port.

EXCHANGE.—In the early parts of the week 1s. 4d. Bank Telegraphic Transfers went off for a while, but it mattered little, as no buyers will look at anything under 1s. 4d. Bank demand at 1s. 4d. is still offering for any delivery. At the close is 1s. 4d. Bank Telegraphic Transfers is back again and the market is even here. Some Banks refusing bills under 1s. 4 3-16d. Councils sold well, the whole 50 lakhs finding buyers at 1s. 4d. We do not look for any weakness in Exchange as Calcutta will hold this market up. Bombay at this season never does much on its own account. For forward delivery there is the same indisposition to operate as was noticed in previous reports.

The following changes appear in the Bank of Bombay statement of the 18th June compared with the previous week.

LIABILITIES.

Public Deposits	51,769 Increase.
Other Deposits	4,30,435 Increase.
Sundries	4 43,025 Decrease.

ASSETS.

Government Securities	17,052 Decrease.
Other Authorized Securities	980 Decrease.
Credits on Securities	11,11,303 Decrease.
Loans do.	2,01,324 Decrease.
Bills discounted & purchased	4,44,794 Decrease.
Balance with other Banks	2,07,1-4 Decrease.
Sundries	90,884 Decrease.
Cash	21,05,415 Increase.

The Bank of Bengal Weekly Cash Balance is 30 lakhs up the Bank rate being unchanged at 4 per cent. per annum. The Bank of Bombay rate also remains unaltered at 4 per cent. per annum. The Weekly Cash Balance of the Bank of Madras is 6 2-4 lakhs up and the rate is now 4 per cent. per annum.

The mail of the 10th instant brings £30,000 silver and £30,000 gold and the following Council Bills :—

Calcutta	Rs. 29,00,000
Bombay	" 9,30,000
Madras	" 7,00,000
	Rs. 45,30,000

The mail of the 17th instant brings £30,000 silver and £30,000 gold and the following Council Bills :—

Calcutta	Rs. 27,10,000
Bombay	" 19,30,000
Madras	" 3,90,000
	Rs. 50,30,000

The mail of the 24th instant brings £150,000 silver and £10,000 gold and the following Council Bills :—

Calcutta	Rs. 21,20,000
Bombay	" 10,10,000
Madras	" 18,80,000
	Rs. 50,10,000

At the weekly allotment of Council Bills on Wednesday last the whole 50 lakhs found buyers at 1s. 4d. the minimum rate received 4 per cent. Extra allotments of Rs. 10,000 were given on Bombay at 1s. 4 1-32d. The total amount sold during the week was 50 10 lakhs and the amount to be allotted next week remains at 50 lakhs.

GOVERNMENT PAPERS.—The new Loan for Rs. 2 crores was placed on the Market at 98,176—probably half of the Loan going into the hands of speculators. At first the Market showed no signs of advancing, but with continued good rains, the price of 3 1-2 per cent. Paper has advanced about 3-8 to 1-2 per cent in the last two days. Money continues very plentiful and keeping the tendency of the Money Market in view we see no reason why paper should not advance still further. One element that should be remembered is that the Bombay Port Trust have powers to issue a Loan of Rs. 50 lakhs or more, and in the event of it coming on the Market soon, money might get temporarily dearer, and for a time adversely effect Government Paper. The effect however would only be temporary.

	Repayable.	Rate.
4 per cent Bombay Port Trust	... 1923	101 1-2
4 per cent. " "	... 1930	101 1-2
4 per cent " "	... 1932	101 1-2
4 per cent Bombay Municipal	... 1923	100
4 per cent " "	... 1940	101
5 per cent " "	... Tanna	110
5 per cent " "	... Sanitary	135
4 per cent Bo. Improvt. Trust	... 1959	100 1-8
4 per cent "	... 1961	101-8

Prices of Bullion :—

English Bar Silver, ex-duty, ready	Rs.	64-0-9
Do. do. 1st Settlement	"	64-9-0
Do. do. 2nd do.	"	64-4-0
English Bar Gold, ready	"	24-1-6

The market closed last week at Rs. 63-5-0 for ready (ex-duty, and has advanced steadily to the above prices, a good business having been done during the interval. At the close a moderate business is passing about our quotations.

PIECEGOODS GREYS.—The market is steady with no change in prices. The demand from up-country is moderate and clearances are on a fair scale. Home prices are still above the level of those ruling here and business is not possible. A few lines for near shipment are reported to have been done.

WHITES.—There is a fair demand for white shirtings and prices have been raised by two to three annas. For Mulls and Nansooks also dealers have been able to raise prices by 1-4 to 1-2 annas and some small lines for forward shipment have been placed.

PRINTS AND DYEDGOODS are in fair demand and prices are fairly maintained. Some business has been done at prices showing little or no profit to buyers.

METALS.—The market for Copper and Yellow metal is steady and a good business is reported to have been done this week both for ready and forward. Copper at £66 10 to £67 and in Yellow metal at from £55 10 to £56 10. Spelter is also steady and forward business done at approved brands at fair prices. Iron and steel are steady and business has been done for distant Shipments in Basic. Steel, G. C. Sheet, and Hoops, but at low rates in sympathy with the downward tendency of the Home Market. Quick silver and pig lead are quite with nothing doing.

COAL.—During the early part of the week a line was done in Jardines Navigation for October to March at Rs. 10 12 and latter on August to November was also done at the same rate. Bengal Coals are steady. A small quantity of Deshergur Ready has been sold at Rs.

SHARES.—The market is steady since our last report and mill shares have improved in prices, on account of good reports of rain from all sides. Bank of Bombay shares are reported to have changed hands at Rs. 1267 1-2 to Rs. 127 and close at the former rate. Commercials are weak at Rs. 410. In presidents mofussil keep steady at Rs. 166. New Indians at Rs. 17. New Berars at Rs. 585. Hayward Sabapathy have advanced to Rs. 700. Highbar, are unchanged Rs. 165 and Volkarts at Rs. 106. In Railway Companies, Ahmedabad preferences are increased at 507 1-2 and Tapti Valleys have changed hands at Rs. 442 1-2. In miscellaneous list Alcocks are steady at Rs. 268 Badiana Files have changed hands at Rs. 148, Bombay Burmahs at Rs. 6,800 cum dividend, quarter shares are steady at Rs. 1,175 cum divid. Bombay Ice have declined to Rs. 55, Kimpas are steady at Rs. 24½, Trombays have declined to Rs. 585 cum divid. Port Canning and Land Investment shares are steady at Rs. 440. Bombay Telephones have changed hands at Rs. 24 1-2. In Mill shares Morarjees Petits have kept steady at and about Rs. 2,060 during the whole week. Central have improved to Rs. 1,655, Swadeshis to Rs. 790, Currimbhoys to Rs. 1,850, Colabas to Rs. 490, Davids to Rs. 235, Colaba Land and Mill shares to Rs. 390, Coorla Mill shares to Rs. 475, Bombay Cotton Mill shares to Rs. 420, Meyer, Greaves Cotton and Co. Mill shares are nearly unchanged, except Hayward and Bullough which are reported to have changed hand at Rs. 307 1-2, Morarjees and Sidhpurs are steady at Rs. 1,525, and Rs. 1,775 respectively, steady as Rs. 1,525 and Rs. 1,775 respectively, steady as Rs. 675, and Sassoon silk shares at Rs. 470. The rest of the companies are unchanged or previous quotations.

EXCHANGE—TONE firm.

Bank T.T.				1s. 4d.
Bank Demand				1s 4 1-32d.
Credit Bills 3 Months Sight			D.	A. 1s 4 3-16d.
Do	6	do	do	1s 4 5-16d.
French	15	do	do	269 3-4
Marks	3	do	do	137 3 4
Hongkong	30	Days'	Sight	127 1-2
Shanghai	30	do	do	176
Japan	30	do	do	152

GOVERNMENT PAPER—3 1-2 per cent. Tone firm.

Cash	98 10
1st Settlement	98 9
2nd do.	98 7

Money Market, Tone, easy.

BANK RATE—

Bank of England since 16th June	3	per cent.	
Bank of Bombay do. 2nd July	4	do.	
Bank of Bengal do. 2nd "	4	do.	
Bank of Madras do. 23rd "	4	do.	

SEEDS.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Linseed.—Tone quiet, Ready	6	6	6
Rapeseed.—Tone dull.			
Brown Cawnpore Ready	5	4	0
Yellow Cawnpore Ready	5	10	0
Yellow Gujerat Ready	5	12	0
Poppyseed.—Tone dull. Ready	6	3	6
Castorseed—Tone dull. Ready	20	4	0
WHEAT.—Tone.			
Pissi 91 per cent	Rs.	29	0
Club, No. 1	"	28	4
Hard, Red	"	23	0

LIVERPOOL OPENING TELEGRAM.

Tone easier.
Estimated sales ..... 10,000 Bales.
Imports ..... 3,000 do

July-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.
6 33	6 36	5 93
—6	—6	—5

Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.
5 42	5 41	5 25	5 23	5 22
—5	—5	—6	—6	—6

Mar.-April. 5 22 —6

COTTON.—The local market is quiet but steady, exporters still keeping out of the markets for ready. Mills however are buying more freely and a fairly large business has been done to-day at current rates. New Crop continues steady, closing prices being Rs. 223 to Rs. 224 for Good Broach and Rs. 173 to Rs. 174 for Fully Good Bengals. Speculators are reported to have bought rather freely to-day at about these rates.

COTTON.—The local market is quiet with little doing for export. Mills are buying quietly.

COTTON STATISTICS. Bales.

Receipts for the week	9,295
Receipts from 1st Oct. to 23rd July	2,434,914
Shipments for the week, to Europe	22,427
Do. China, Japan, and Coast Ports	16,018
Total	38,445
Shipments from 1st October to 23rd July.	
Europe	950 197
Japan	343,770
China	24,308
Coast Ports	10,643
Total	1,328,924
Afloat to Harbour for Europe	11,622
China, Japan and Coast Ports	10,643

Week's Receipts of Cotton, Wheat and Seed.

Cotton	9,295 bales
Wheat	41,907 cwts
Linseed	13,935 "
Rape, Rai and Mustard Seed	15,192 "
Gingelly seed	1,239 "
Poppyseed	8,807 "
Groundnuts	441 "
Castorseed	5,233 "
Rice	30,944 "
Myrabolams	2,903 "
Cottonseed	14,301 "

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, JULY 23.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed firmer.

Gerats dull.

Good Bhowngger 4 3-16.

2½ per cent. Consols	91 7-8	25
3 per cent. Rentes	97 1-4	
3 1-2 per cent. Sterling Loan	103	
3 1-2 per cent. Rupee Paper	65 11/16	
Bar Silver	25 3-4	

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcements of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES DEATH and MEMORIAM Notices (which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender) is Re. 2, for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

MARRIAGE.

SCOTT—PRIMROSE—July 19, at All Saints' Church, Cocoonoor, by the Rev Canon A H B Britt, Walter Tomsonby Scott, eldest son of the late Lieut S P Scott, to Gertrude Isabelle, eldest daughter of Alex. Primrose, Esq. Mysore Geological Department, by special license).

DEATHS.

BEAHAN—July 19, at Dalhousie, Harley Cottage, Henry Charles Rochford-Beahan (Sonny), of heart disease, aged 2 years and 7 months, son of the late Henry Rochford-Beahan, Assistant Engineer, A D C Ry, who died on the 14th April 1903, and Mary Rochford-Beahan.

GOUGH—July 14, at Guinary, Cashmere, suddenly, Major Stanley Charles Gough, 5th Bengal Cavalry, the eldest son of the late Major-General George Thomson Gough, aged 43 years.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 5h. 34m. Sun sets, 6h. 38m. High water, 0-8 a., Low water, 5-20 m., 6-14 a.

P. and O. s. s. Peninsular, with English mails of 10th inst., due to arrive at 6 a.m.

Variety Concert, Town Hall, 9-15 p.m.

CRICKET.

Bombay Gymkhana vs. Hindu Gymkhana.
Bombay Gymkhana Second XI v. North Shaffor Is.

TO-MORROW.

Sun rises, 5h. 34m. Sun sets, 6h. 38m. High water, 0-13 a., 0-50 p. Low water, 6-7 m., 7 0 s.

Solemn Office of the Dead in memory of Pope Leo XIII., Bhuleshwar Cathedral, evening.

POSTAL NOTICES.—Mails for Seychelles via Tuticorin and Colombo will be closed at the General Post Office at 7 p.m. on Wednesday, the 29th instant. Mails for Ceylon, the Straits Settlements, China, Japan, and Australia, per s.s. Chusan, will be closed at the General Post Office at 8 a.m. on Wednesday, the 29th instant.

NATIVE GENERAL LIBRARY, BOMBAY.—We hear that Mr. Rustamjee Byramjee Jeejibhoy has presented to the Bombay Native General Library a complete set of Mour. Mohl's edition of the Shah Nameh of Firdusi (Le Livre des Rois par Firdousi Traduit et Commenté Par Jules Mohl) in 14 vols, comprising the original text and the French translation in separate vols.

MUSIC AT THE VICTORIA GARDENS.—By kind permission of Captain Prevost, the band of the 23rd Bombay Rifles will play the following programme of music, under the direction of Mr. M. Faredills, Band Master, commencing at 5-30 p.m. to-day at the Victoria Gardens (weather permitting) :—

March	A. Frangesa	..	P. Mario Costa.
Overture	Bandiiten Streiche	..	Suppe.
Valse	Rose	..	A. Margis.
Selection	A Chinese Honey moon	..	Howard Talbot.
Polka	Whistling	..	Frank Lowen.

MUSIC AT THE ESPLANADE BANDSTAND.—By kind permission of Major J. S. McNeil and officers, the band of the 1st Bombay Light Infantry Volunteers, will play the following programme of music under the direction of Mr. A. Maliandain, Bandmaster commencing at 5-30 P. M. to-day (weather permitting) :—

March	Lynwood	..	J. Hume
Overture	Die Irrfahrt Um's Gluck	..	Suppe
Selection	Little Christopher Columbus	..	J. Caryll
Valse	Sur la Plage	..	Waldteufel
Aria	Torqua to Tasso	..	Donizetti
Galop	Rotten Row	..	Keler Bela

DEATH OF KHAN SAHEB ABDOOL RASSOOL.—We regret to announce the death of Khan Saheb Abdool Rassool, an old resident of Bombay, employed as the District Abkari Inspector of Shahapur Taluka, Thana District. The sad event took place at Shahapur on the 21st instant. Deceased was thrown from a gharry sustained by a fall from his horse which resulted in concussion of the brain. The deceased was 51 years of age, and had served Government in the Revenue Department as a District Abkari Inspector for over 25 years. For his long and meritorious services Vada the Government were pleased to award him a Lee-lass certificate of merit. His long and varied service, always highly appreciated by Government, will be long remembered by natives such as Khanderao, Kilaba, Ramaghi, Vada, and Shahapur and he was popular by the people. He leaves a widow and two daughters.

A MENDICANT'S AMBITION.—At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, before Mr. J. Sanders Slater, Chief Presidency Magistrate, disposed of the case in which Inspector Walker charged Dorabshaw Kaikobora, a Parsee aged about 24 years, with causing hurt to Shaik Mohamed, a Sidhi seaman on H. M. S. Perseus. Mr. Grennan, Superintendent of Police, A. division; prosecuted. Lieutenant Bellis, R. N., of H. M. S. Perseus, was present in court.

The prisoner on being placed before the Magistrate said that he did his utmost to find out the witnesses but without success. He neither knew their names nor the places where they lived. They were mere passers-by. He did not want to call false witnesses.

His worship in disposing of the case remarked that he did not want to go into the circumstances relative to the remote result of the assault. He did not consider that the death of the seaman Shaik Mohamed was in any way attributed to the accused's blow. However, the fact remained that the accused violently struck the Sidhi, and that too while the latter was helpless and did nothing whatever to annoy the accused. Besides the accused was one of the crowd that jeered the complainant. He had said in his defence that he did it at the request of the police sepoys. But the sepoys denied it. As far as the sepoys were concerned he would not take their evidence into consideration. They had not acted as they ought to have done, and he left it for the Commissioner of Police to deal with them in a manner he thought fit. If it was true that the sepoys did call upon the accused to assist them, it by no means justified his cruel and cowardly assault on the complainant. It was their duty to arrest the man with as little violence as possible. The accused had no right to take the law into his own hands in the way he had done. He convicted him of that assault and sentenced him to six weeks' rigorous imprisonment.

"You won't forget me, sir I hope," said the hotel porter, who had begun to have doubts as to his tip. "Certainly not, Charlie," replied the cheery tourist, who was preparing for departure. "I'll send you a picture post-card from the next interesting place I stop at."

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TH EDASHA PORMAD BANIA CASTE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Allow me through the medium of your paper to place before the public a specimen of a method of the Panchayat at Surat of the above-mentioned caste. It is in connection with the marriage of Mr. Maganlal T. Adatia, which took place in Surat in April last. The resolution of the Panchayat has been criticized by many of the Gujarati dailies and weeklies, and as it has not been noticed by any of the English dailies, all would like to place it in your columns. The said Mr. M. did not, as is usual with many Hindu bridegrooms, put on a gaudy robe and turban of cloth of gold on the marriage day, but instead was attired in a simple silken coat and turban. This mere change of dress appeared to be a very serious transgression to the orthodox section of the caste. To them breaking a custom means a great crime. As a consequence, within two or three days after the marriage, a caste Panchayat was held to consider the case of Mr. M.; and this first sitting of the Panchayat, in spite of hot discussion, ended as many caste meeting ends, without arriving at any definite decision. But the opposition was not silent altogether. A fortnight later another Panchaya was held, and without any discussion a committee of four men (all orthodox) was appointed to consider the case. After very little reflection, they passed a resolution against Mr. M. to the effect that a fine of Rs. 21-4 should be imposed upon him for breaking the custom, that it must be paid within a month, and in default the caste would take any extreme step it might think fit. The resolution did not end there; the harher part of it was that if in future any other member of the caste should be dressed in simple silken dress on his marriage-day he would be fined Rs. 150 (!!)

Attention is invited to the grave nature of the resolution, for a trifling fault, if it can be called a fault at all. More especially noteworthy are the circumstances under which the resolution was passed:—1. It was passed in Mr. Maganlal's absence; he was not even informed that another meeting was to be held to consider his case. 2. Not only were the four men of the committee all orthodox, but two of them were the complainants at whose instance the Panchayat was invited. Need I say that they had no right to judge Mr. M.'s case? As complainants they were wholly debarred from being judges. This is the rudiment even of common sense justice. The constitution of the committee was, therefore, in every way objectionable, and much more so was the resolution arrived at by it against the unfortunate defendant. So much about the resolution. Now will follow a few words about the change itself. The custom of putting on gaudy dresses in itself not a very laudable one, and if some orthodox men admire it by all means they may adhere to it in spite of its ill ness; but there is no reason why one should be compelled, quite against his will, to follow a custom, however foolish it may be. If in such a trifling thing as marriage dress one is forced to put on a rose and turban of pagri color form and of particular quality of cloth, it, in my opinion, amounts to forcing a man to sell his independence. I do not see where this unnecessary and by all means unreasonable case interference will stop. In these days of liberty, one is shocked at such an encroachment upon personal freedom. This change of dress on the part of Mr. M. devoid an amount of moral courage worthy of admiration. It is this credit that he has broken the ice and become a pioneer, and his ambition was to make the way clear for all other gentlemen, who may not have the courage to do so. But no, the orthodox section will not allow it. To them everything old is gold and everything new is despicable. To them this change was a violent reform, if not a revolution. Time and brains alone, however well-directed and healthy it may be, they have a natural antipathy. Does this change deserve the name of reform? Surely not because in many Hindu castes there is no scruple whatsoever about the marriage dress. But when the orthodox section of a decidedly backward caste strongly protests against the change in spite of its innocence, only on the plausible ground of long standing custom, there the change of dress does become comparatively somewhat worthy of the name of reform. Allow me again to say that the custom of putting on gaudy dress no longer exists in all Hindu castes. Many Hindu castes there are in which

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SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE steamer Hugin, 829 tons, Captain C Anderson, will sail to-day for Moulmein, in ballast.

THE steamer Cromwell, 1,977 tons, Captain J Woodruff, sailed yesterday for Antwerp, with a general cargo.

THE steamer Kilbride, 2,585 tons, Captain Thomas Smith, arrived in harbour yesterday from Calcutta, 10th July, with a cargo of coal.

THE Bombay and Persia S N Co's steamer Mozaffari, 1,387 tons, Captain T L Maloney, sailed yesterday for Aden, with a general cargo and 20 deck passengers.

THE Messageries Maritimes Co's steamer Dumbea, Captain Le Colapellier, arrived in harbour yesterday from Marseilles, 8th July, with a general cargo, and the following passengers:—Mr Launoy, Mr Youanmis, Mr Alexander, Mr Godbole, Col Peyton, Rev B Durant, Mr N G Sen, Mr M R Mistry, Mr Contractor Buxey, Mr d' Sect V Ahmed, Mrs Mistry, Mr P Harrison, Mr R C Plowden, Mr S Jackson, and Mr al Timmermann.

MEN-OF-WAR AND ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.
IN GOVT. DOCKYARD.

H M S Perseus	2135 Pears.....Royal Navy
H M S Redbreast	Quayle.....Royal Navy
H M S Dalhousie	Lt J G Hordern.....H I M
Magdala	.....Turret-ship
Abyssinia	.....Turret-ship
Investigator	Comdr T H Heming.....H I M
Torpedo Boat No. 100	.....
Do No 102	.....
Do No 103	.....

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—JULY 24.

Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination	Date.	Agent.
H M S Pomone		Jones			Royal Navy
Carthage	2893	Davidson			E Talbboy
Lancaura	3152	Butler			M M & S Co
Deutschland bq	763	Nacoda			The Captain
Parramatta	2261	Roberts			P & O Co
Eden (ship)	444	Dahl			The Captain
Ellora	1491	Forbes			M M & Co
Chindwara	1501	MacLean			M M & Co
Kulna	1464	Kirkham			M M & Co
Byculla	1095	MacGregor			M M & Co
Alice (ship)	105	Lopicque			Captain
Shalin or	2198	Haffin	Cochin	7-7	E Talbot
Henry Bolcow	639	Fowls			B & P S N Co
Umra	769	L marchand			M M & Co
Kenley	2431	Parker			Bombay Co
Hoseinee	592	Lorne			B & P S N Co
Uriana	883	Alen			M M & Co
Vadala	2194	Williams			M M & Co
Baroocora	2195	Hill			M M & Co
Terrier	1098	Bran			R Steuart & Co
Kilbride	2585	Smith			Bombay Co

VESSELS IN DOCKS.
PRINCE'S DOCK.

Shed.	Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination	Date.	Agent.
B	D of Norfolk	2438	Anderson	Antwerp	25-7	M M & Co
C	Ashruf	220	Newby	Aden	27-7	H C Joosub
D	Monmouth	1755	Hannah			B & P S N Co
F	Hugin	829	Anderson	Hangoon	24-7	Bombay Co
G	Mozaffari	1387	Molony	Aden	24-7	B & P S N Co
H	Mashtari	1111	Storey	Aden	25-7	B & P S N Co
K	Emma	1651	Ziegenmayer	Leith	27-7	W & A G & Co
L	Courland	760	Esmail	Mormagoa	25-7	Shepi & Co
M	Mahanadi	547	Hocesio	Repairing		Shepi & Co
P	Ranee	2634	Corran	Berbera	25-7	T M & Co
Alongside.						
L	Bahadurl	429	Fukeera	Repairing		Shepi & Co
M	Sabarmati	534	Ebrahim	Repairing		Shepi & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

Shed.	Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination	Date.	Agent.
2	Olympia	3239	Osborne	Liverpool	1-8	W & A G & Co
3	Izumi Maru	2331	Yagi	Japan	28-7	N Y Kaisha
4	Nowshera	1911	Dewing	Zanzibar	28-7	M M & Co
5	Chusan	3892	Cooke	China	29-7	P & O Co
6	Massilia	2744	Cockman	London	29-8	P & O Co
8	Vindobona	3939	Catcl	Trieste	25-7	A L S N Co
10&11	Wildenfels	3657	Reising	Karachi	28-7	Glade & Co
12	Persia	4199	Wheler	London	25-7	P & O Co
14	Dwarka	759	Neilson	Karachi	29-7	M M & Co
15	Goalpara	1598	Cole	P Gulf	28-7	M M & Co
16	Putlala	1943	Hirst	Zanzibar	11-8	M M & Co

ARRIVAL.

July.	Vessel.	Commander.	From
24	Kilbride s	Smith	Calcutta, July 10
	Dumbea s	Colapellier	Marseilles, July 8

DEPARTURE.

July.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
24	Pundit s	Crebbin	Calcutta, &c
	Cromwell s	Woodruff	Antwerp
	Mozaffari s	Moloney	Aden

The steamer Hugin, Captain Anderson, obtained her port-clearance yesterday.

The following vessels entered for loading yesterday:—
Steamer Massilia, for London.
" Terrier, for Bangkok.
" Courtfield, for Hull.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.
SUEZ, JULY 23.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Fraser left here for Colombo, Madras and Calcutta this morning.

The Florio-Rubattino Company's steamer Lubia left Singapore for Bombay on 23rd instant.

The Florio Rubattino Company steamer D Balduino which left Bombay on the 15th inst., noon arrived at Aden on the 83rd at 6-55 p.m.

DAILY EXPORTS.—JULY 24.

FOR LIVERPOOL.
Olympia s—46 bales wool Morarjee Ratansee; 4 cases chutney C H Lantin and Co; 150 bales wool W and A Graham and Co.

FOR LONDON.
Persia s—15 3-4 cwts ivory Ebram Passaya.

FOR HAVRE.
Clan Robertson s—150 bales hemp Kiddle Reeve and Co; 110 bales cotton Ralli Brothers; 39.0 cwts Benemal Orgft Mody and Co; 29.0 cwts rapeseed Ernst and Co; 10.01 cwts rapeseed Nanji & Khairaz and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.
Willden'e s—682 cwts myrabolams Jetti A Harchand; 100 cwts gum Govind & Sojpal; 110 bales cotton Forbes Forbes and Co; 340 bales cotton Tyabjee and Co; 109 bales cotton Framjee Hirjee and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.
Duke of Norfolk s—2500 cwts cakeseed Ralli Brothers; 600 cwts wheat Tata and Co; 2912 cwts mowrseed and 1000 cwts poppyseed Ernst and Co; 593 cwts myrabolams H Anandrao and Co; 109 bales cotton and 250 cwts cake Rapeseed Forbes and Co; 2001 cwts castorseed John Fachiri.
Clan Munroe s—9.3 cwts myrabolams H Anandrao and Co; 117 bales cotton Volkart Brothers; 1300 cwts mowrseed Ernst and Co; 11105 cwts mowrseed Forbes Forbes and Co.

FOR LEITH.
Emma s—10.0 cwts mursoo r Ralli Brothers.

FOR SHANGHAI.
Idzumi Maru s—500 bales twi t David Sassoon and Co; 125 bales twist K D Sassoon and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.
Idzumi Maru s—100 bales twist Sam Yee and Co; 75 bales twist K D Sassoon and Co.

HIGH COURT.—JULY 25.

Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice B. TYEBJEE.
Suits for hearing and final disposal.
Long Causes.

647,00—Bhalshanker K and G—The Ahmedabad Advance S and N Co Ld vs Lakhershbanker Davshanker and another—K B Mehta and Pesonjee R and K. Part heard.

123,03—Bhalshanker K and G—Bai Jaskorebai widow vs Gulchund Kapurchand and another—Mulla and M Pail heard.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.
Long Causes.

878,01—Mantri B and N—Jugjivan Luxmidas and others vs Gopal Lalchand and others—Lowalla and P.

93,03—Little and Co—Chalcorbhai Morarjee vs Dhurmoobai widow and another vs Balkisan V N Kirtiker.

15,03—Bicknell and M—Haji Cassim Joosub and others vs Noor din Shaik Adam and others—Little and Co.

7303—Pagne and Co—N C Macleod vs Framjivandas Callidandas and others—Ardeshier H D and Co—For postponement.

2%03—Tyabji D and Co—Jairamdas Guneshdas vs Zamonlal Kisborilal—Malvi H and M.

145,03—Tyabji D and Co—Gordhan Ramjivandas vs Mahipatrao Keshawrao Achharia and others—Malvi H and M.

164,03—Nanu and H—Dady Roostomjee Dady vs Madhuram Mathooradas—Tyabji D and Co.

168,02—Ardeshir H D and Co—Nowrosji Jehangir Hormusji vs Pestonji Jehangir Hormusji—Pestonji and H.

347,99—Mirza and M—Sayed Mahomed bin Sayed Ahmed vs Saumdio Amrutin—Sorabjee and J.

533,02—Tyabjee D and Co—The Advocate General of Bombay vs Mirza Mahomed Shirazee and others—Crisloe L and C.

423,01—Khandorao S and L—Vasantrao Madhowrao vs Anandrao Ganpatrao and others—Little and Co.

228,02—In person—Gumtibai widow vs Oza Framji Gokuldas.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUTENANT-COLONEL LOUIS P. RUSSELL, COMMANDING B. V. A.
Bombay, 25th July.

1. Head quarters No. 2 Company will be open every Wednesday until further orders from 5.30 p. m.

By Order,
G. STODDART, Capt., R. A.,
Adjutant, B. V. A.

NOTICE.

There will be a concert at the Corps Club, for members and their friends, on Tuesday next the 28th instant at 9 P. M.

POONA RACES.

FIRST EXTRA MEETING TO-DAY.
HORSES STRUCK OUT.

The July Plate—Misty.
The Maiden Arab Plate—Flying Scud, Daylight and Najid.
The New Comers Plate—Flying childers, Scattercash, skylark, Ashton, Nuseer and Moorseed.
The Lilliput Plate—Jal and Nanette.
The Amateur Plate—Lady Dean and Patrician and Fizzer.

THE Rev. P. W. Bilderback, pastor of the Fourth Methodist Episcopal Church, Millville, New Jersey does not believe in sleepy and uninterested congregations. He recently introduced a new feature into his services—a choir of thirty young men whistlers. The boys in the gallery and the young women in the pews joined devoutly in the whistling.

A LARGE snake was discovered on a poultry farm belonging to Mr. S. H. Butler at Arrowhead, U.S.A., after it had scared away some sitting hens. The snake, which had swallowed the eggs, was cut open and the eggs were recovered. They were again placed under the hens to be hatched.

THERE is no age limit for jurymen. Mr. Justice Darling, as a special concession, released from duty one who is seventy-four, but pointed out that jurors were sometimes summoned who were ninety years old—selected, his lordship supposed, because of their wide experience of the world.

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NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications intended for publication on our columns should be addressed to THE EDITOR and not to any individual member of the staff.

The Bombay Gazette

SATURDAY, JULY 25, 1903.

THE NEW DEMAND ON INDIA.

INDIA is about to pay the price of her inordinate vanity. The charge upon us which the British Government has decided we shall pay is judgment upon us for our pride and our haughty spirit, our boastfulness and vain-glory. When the Budget was under discussion in March last, India, through the Head of the Government we indulged in much self-praise and commendation. We were anxious to justify the outlay on empty pomp and vanity at the Delhi Durbar. So we professed ourselves so well off that we were not only able to pay for the "biggest show on earth" without feeling it, but to remit "the best part of a million and a half sterling in taxation." "Oh, you can; can you?" exclaims the Secretary of State for War, "Very well, you can help me to pay my bills. The Chancellor of the Exchequer declines to give me all I want. I will take it from you." It is no use pleading poverty. We have boasted too much for such a plea to have any avail. We do not suppose his Excellency the Viceroy imagined a mean advantage would be taken of his utterances. The British Government might reasonably have been expected to back him. But his Excellency went farther. He enlarged upon India's foreign relations and the interest of this country in the conflict of the Powers, and spoke prophetically of the clouds which were beginning to gather. And in a fine burst of eloquence, which only requires to be recalled to the memory of our readers, exclaimed:—"Do not let the people of India think that we shall never have anything but domestic cares in this country. Do not let them forget that there are other and not inferior duties that devolve upon her rulers, that the safety of the Indian frontier and the maintenance of the British dominion in those parts of Asia, where it has for long been established, and where it is the surest if not the sole guarantee for peace and progress, are in their hands; that this is no less than internal reform is part of England's duty. I see no reason for anticipating trouble upon our borders, and I know of no question that is at present in an acute or menacing phase. But do not let any one on the strength of that go to sleep in the happy illusion that anxiety will never come. The geographical position of India will more and more push her into the forefront of international politics, she will more and more become the strategical frontier of the British Empire. All these circumstances that should give us food for reflection, and that impose upon us the duty of incessant watchfulness and precaution. They require that our fortresses shall be in a high state of efficiency, our defences secure, and our schemes of policy carefully worked out and defined. Above all they demand a feeling of solidarity and common interest among those, and they include every inhabitant of this country from the Raja to the rayat—whose interests are wrapped up in the preservation of the Indian Empire both for the sake of India itself and for the wider good of mankind," Mr. Brodrick is more astute than we gave him credit for. We can imagine him, reading this peroration, rubbing his hands with glee as he exclaimed: "All right, my friend; you shall have your share of something beyond domestic cares." And without much ado he proves as good, or as bad, as his word.

South Africa and India are all the same to an untravelled individual. They are "all in them parts of the world" and from Capetown to Colombo is "only a hop, step, and a jump." It was an easy matter to persuade the majority in the British House of Commons that the interests of South Africa and India are identical. Did we not send troops to South Africa and did we not save the situation? Then in case of necessity South Africa must send troops to us. She has not the troops to send; so we must pay for them and keep them in South Africa—where the cost of maintenance is about double—ready until we want them. The proposal would be ludicrous if it not imply such a heavy increase to our burdens. We remember Sir E. R. Ells, our War Minister at Calcutta, last March quoting the old Latin proverb: "If you wish for peace prepare for war." It would, he said, he firmly believed, be the first sign of the decadence of our power in India if the counsel of neglecting military requirements is ever listened to. It is the fact of our being strong that permits of the great development we are witness to and the increased prosperity of our finances. Rather than find fault with army expenditure, he would urge our critics to be thankful that we have a broad-minded statesman at our head to whom the army owes much, and who has not shrunk from the necessary expenditure for its improvement, and he would ask them to be further grateful that we have the leading soldier of the day at the head of that army, under whose auspices it will, we feel assured, become stronger and better fitted to guard the interests of this vast Empire, and thus maintain that peace from which cometh prosperity. Sir Edmond would, we imagine, have moderated his tone, had he, for a moment, suspected the Home Government contemplated the action it now announces. He was forced to make out a strong case, because it was argued by some of his non-official colleagues that because he had spared ten thousand men for South Africa he could spare them permanently. Indeed he showed pretty conclusively that the army in India found itself badly in want of officers, and every Lieutenant-General considered that efficiency was suffering owing to the efforts we made to help the Empire. The wonder of foreign Powers was not the enormous army we keep up, but the fact that we have such a small army to hold the enormous tract called India. Precisely, so then if the Indian defences require strengthening, we want to spend our money here, not in South Africa. Sir Edmond admitted that expenditure must increase, even without increasing the numerical strength of the army, for it is impossible to resist the advance of science in the matter of armament. In the past three years some 170 lakhs of rupees represents the outlay; but he did not appreciate his colleagues referring to his department as a military cormorant which swallowed up everything. We wonder what Sir Edmond, as a military man, "the leading soldier of the day," as the head of the Army, and "that broad-minded statesman at our head," think about it. Nothing will be done except after the fullest consultation with the Government of India. So it was stated in the House. And what if the Government of India disapprove of the proposal? So much the worse for the Government of India.

The retention of twenty-five thousand troops in South Africa, it is interesting to learn, is for the better protection of the Indian frontier. The nearest way to get reinforcements for our frontier, according to popular tradition, is to carry them from Plymouth or Southampton to Karachi. According to Mr. Brodrick it is to ship them from Capetown or Durban to Colombo, we suppose, to be consistent. The strength of the force in India is not to be reduced. They have no idea of depriving us of the services of the thousands of men we have to maintain at a yearly increasing cost. Not of a single file. There is no idea of impairing our defences though Sir Edmond Elles practically admitted we had had many when he said:—"In every concern I know of whether business or engineering there is a factor of safety. A mill or factory may work extra time under pressure or underhanded owing to sickness, but no sane manager would therefore advocate a reduction of establishment. No engineer would build a railway bridge to carry the exact load it may be called on to bear." But he would not increase that strength of hands or material to the extent now proposed; nor would he propose to keep the extra establishment a fortnight's journey away. In 1899-1900 India's military expenditure was £14,165,743. In 1902-03 it had risen to £16,234,900. For the current year the estimate is £16,652,300. Next year we may expect it to be £17,452,300—with our new contribution added to the usual annual increment. When we want the troops we are to pay for, we are to have them. It is impossible to hesitate a moment in accepting the assurance. But meantime who gets the benefit of our four hundred thousand a year? South Africa. And what is South Africa to us? It places British Indian subjects under the same disability as Chinamen. It does not actually persecute them but it renders their lives a burden. It will not even offer employment to our surplus labouring population. Yet we must help it pay for its protection. The idea is preposterous. We do not for a moment anticipate that the Government of India will be strong enough to save us from this singularly unjust imposition. It is needless our rulers resisting. They have brought this evil upon us by their empty boasting and display of vanity, and we, who applauded them, must bear the consequences. The moral is quite clear, and whether we succeed in resisting the Home Government or not, we ought never to lose sight of the lesson. Troops in South Africa for the defence of India suggest the explanation of the Russian construction of the Merv-Kushk Railway—to protect their interests in China and the Bosphorus.

THE SHANTUNG RAILWAY.

THE annual general meeting of the Shantung Railway Company was held in Berlin on June 27th. Steady progress was reported both in passenger and goods traffic, says "Continental Correspondence." Of the subscribed capital—fifty-four million marks—thirty-four and a half have been paid up. The Governor of Shantung is one of the Chinese shareholders. The first section of the line, that from Tsingtau to Weihsien, 111 miles, was opened for general traffic on June 1st, 1902. In six months sixteen miles were added, and in the first five months of this year thirty-two miles more were constructed, making in all 170 miles in regular working order. The 59,912 persons that travelled by the railway in 1901 increased to 221,197 in the following year; the goods traffic grew from 5,473 tons to 13,815 in the same period, and the receipts were quadrupled. The Company paved the roads leading from some of the larger towns to the railway stations, and thus increased the facilities for traffic during the rainy season. The exploitation of the neighbouring coal districts is not without advantage to the line. The Weihsien coal mines yielded 150 tons for a first load in October, 1902. The coal is superior to the Japanese coal that is burnt in Eastern ports. It gives greater heat and makes less smoke. Near a branch line now being constructed is another coal district, the Poshan Valley, where iron, glass, and china are manufactured. The railway carries from the interior of the country agricultural produce, domestic animals, raw silk, and straw braids, and takes into the Province cotton, kerosene, paper, machinery, and iron. The port of Tsingtau, is in course of construction and the Railway Company has secured space for its goods traffic on the embankment. The new railway planned by German and English banking firms from Tientsin to the Yangtse Valley will pass through Shantung and connect with the Company's future terminus at Tsinanfu. The Shantung Railway must, according to its charter, be finished by the 1st June, 1904.

VACCINATION IN BOMBAY.

THE returns of the Acting Sanitary Commissioner of the Bombay Presidency with regard to vaccination in the area under his charge is on the whole very satisfactory. The high percentage of available children vaccinated shows that the conscientious objector is practically non-existent in this presidency at any rate. There was, indeed, very slight evidence of opposition to the work of the vaccinating officers. From many points of view the conditions under which the operations of the year were carried on were very unsatisfactory. Ill health incapacitated many of the vaccinating officers. Two of them died, and the existence of cholera and plague entirely prevented the Sanitary Commissioner's subordinates from carrying on their work in the manner which they doubtless would have done had circumstances been more favourable. These conditions, however, did not greatly affect the number of primary vaccinations. There was a net increase of 14·13 per cent in the number of persons primarily vaccinated, the total number being 536,989. The falling off occurred in the direction of re-vaccinations, of which there were only 41,136, as against 50,471 in the previous year. The most interesting feature of the report is the reference to the number of infants successfully vaccinated. This was 364,513, or 71·85 per cent of the children available a notable result of the year's work in view of the prevalence of disease. The percentage of successful vaccinations was fairly high, and the quality of lymph used is stated by the Commissioner to have been good. However, lymph was employed in the greater number of cases, and it is interesting to note that the best results were obtained from this variety. Thus the percentage of success in the Western Registration District was 90·76 for the human lymph as against 78·06 for the animal production. In the Central Registration District the percentages were, respectively, 96·13 and 89·63, and the only district where animal lymph has proved more successful than the human variety was in Sind.

A NEW TURBINE STEAMER.

A DEPARTURE has been marked in cross channel steamers by the launching of the new turbine steamer "The Queen" built at Messrs. Denny's works at Dumbarton for the South Eastern and Chatham Railway. The new vessel is 310 feet long, with a moulded breadth of 40 feet and a depth of 25 feet, and has a complete awning deck. In large deck houses on this deck there are a number of special cabins provided for the convenience of passengers. The accommodation in every respect is a vast improvement on that hitherto provided in cross channel steamers. The machinery consists of Parsons turbines, three being fitted, having three lines of shafting. In manœuvring the centre shaft runs free, the two side shafts then take the place of ordinary twin screws, and has been demonstrated in the Queen Alexandra running daily upon the River Clyde. The manœuvring power is in every respect as good as in ordinary twin screws, while in the going astern there is none of that objectionable vibration which is to be felt in the most modern twin-screw balanced arrangement. Turbines can now-a-days be worked from zero to maximum pressure. The side screws tend to obviate rolling in the vessel, and there is ample draught to prevent pitching. The turbine machinery is of the latest improved plan as designed by Mr. Parsons, whose genius has completely revolutionised the problem of high speed marine steam engines. The main engines in the "Queen" consists of three separate turbines, each driving its own line of shafting, the centre turbine being high pressure and the two side ones being low pressure. When going ahead in ordinary work the steam is admitted to the high pressure turbine, and after expansion there, passes to the low pressure turbines and then to the condensers, the total rates of expansion being about 125 fold, as compared with 8 to 16 fold in triple expansion reciprocating engines. At the ordinary steaming speed of the Queen the revolutions of the centre shaft are about 700 and of the two side shafts about 500 per minute. When going full speed ahead all the lines of shafting, central as well as side, are in action, but when coming alongside a quay, or manœuvring in or out of harbour, the outer shafts only are used, thus giving the vessel all the turning and manœuvring efficiency of a twin-screw steamer.

SOCIAL DEMOCRACY IN GERMANY.

THE great increase in the strength of the Social Democrat party in Germany—an increase in votes from 2,100,000 to 2,900,000 since the last General Elections, and in Parliamentary seats from fifty-eight to eighty-one—was due to a variety of causes. First in order is the new Customs Tariff adopted by the Imperial Diet last December. Germans are as a rule submissive and law-abiding, but an enhancement of prices of the necessaries of life has always been followed on the next electoral opportunity by an increase of the Radical vote. When the German voter is vexed with his legislators, he puts a Socialistic ticket in the ballot-box. This inclination to show tacitly but effectively his displeasure or discontent led many of the electors in Saxony to vote Socialist, as an expression of their disgust at the disgrace brought on the Royal House by the conduct of the consort of its eldest son. It does not follow that all those voters were Social Democrats, but they recorded their votes "agin" the Government as a protest for the time being. This sort of action is hardly high policy on their part but it is consistent with a very homely sentiment which unfortunately cannot be called commonsense. "Continental Correspondence" declares that in spite of the three million socialistic votes there is no real desire for revolution among the ablest leaders of the party, nor indeed among the rank and file. The revolutionary instinct is, in Germany as elsewhere, confined to a small group of leaders with boundless ambition and endowed with an utter absence of scruple. They desire power, and care little how they get it. To them discrimination of the votes or of the reasons for voting on their side matters nothing. Their party is strengthened and their hopes of winning are raised. But the spirit of the German people, their instinct, is faithful to the Monarchy, which need not fear the horrors of a revolution despite the growth of the Social-Democratic party.

THE visit of Lord Northcote to Simla has been definitely abandoned. It is understood that his Excellency is to take over the duties of Governor-General of Australia from Lord Tennyson.

THE P. and O. Company's s.s. Caledonia with the homeward Mails of the 18th instant arrived at Aden at 7 p.m. yesterday.

SIR MONTAGU CORNISH TURNER and Mr. L. A. Wallace have joined the London Board of the Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China.

THE "Tatler" received by the last Mail contains a picture of E. H. D. Sewell, the erstwhile Madras cricketer, who is now playing for Essex, up to date one of the most successful of the County teams playing at Home. Sewell is described as the best fielder in the Essex eleven, and, discussing the constitution of the teams for the Gentleman vs. Players match, the same paper says that Sewell certainly deserves a place in the Players' team if only for his keenness in the field. As a batsman Sewell has not fulfilled the great expectations formed of him in this country; but he has been performing a lot better this year in first class cricket than he did last year.

EVERYONE has heard of a land "flowing with milk and honey"—if no one has ever seen such a natural phenomenon—but has any one ever heard of a city flowing with money and pineapples? If not, then we may inform them that such a place is Rangoon just now, for the "Rangoon Gazette" states that a good deal of surplus money is floating about there, while the "Rangoon Times" says that the place is "overflowing with pine apples." Between the two, the residents must be somewhat incommoded. While the "Gazette" counsels the diversion of the metallic flood into the local Municipal coffers, by investment in the Municipal loan, the "Times" warns the public against imbibing the vegetable flood, because unripe pineapples, like "over-ripe henfruit," as an American describes rotten eggs, are "apt to disagree with one." The "Times" goes further, indeed, and points out that the "juice of the green pineapple is accredited in Java, the Philippines, and throughout the Far East generally with being a blood poison of a most deadly nature," adding "how true this is we cannot say but it is worth bearing in mind"—not in the body.

FRED BARNARD, remanded at Tottenham on the charge of being an unlicensed pedlar, said he only started that day, and pawned his boots to raise the money to buy pirated music.

DERBY a salary of £10 a month inadequate, the entire police force of North Plainfield, New Jersey, have handed in their resignations. The city contains 6,000 inhabitants, and no constabulary substitutes can be found.

AN application in respect of the undermentioned invention has been filed by Lieutenant-Colonel R. G. Jones, Indian Staff Corps, Military Assistant to the Government of Mysore, Bangalore:—A machine for starting races.

GENERAL DE WET has undergone, at Bloemfontein, an operation on one of his fingers, from which he had suffered long. A piece of diseased bone was successfully removed, and the complete recovery of the use of the finger is hoped for.

TO win a wager of 20s. a carpenter named Perkes jumped off Hampton Court Bridge into the Thames on Wednesday night. A boat picked him up, or he would have been drowned. As the sequel, he was fined 20s. for being drunk at the time.

IN the Museum of Natural History,

TELEGRAMS.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

GREAT BRITAIN AND RUSSIA.

THE MANCHURIAN QUESTION.

AN UNSATISFACTORY SITUATION.

ANXIETY IN JAPAN.

LONDON, JULY 24.

Lord Cranborne, in reply to a question in the House of Commons regarding Manchuria, said Government would be delighted to come to an agreement with Russia, but were never able to ascertain what Russia wanted.

It was, he said, very unsatisfactory that Manchuria had not yet been evacuated.

Japan was becoming uneasy and the United States were anxious for settlement.

The "Standard" publishes a despatch from Tientsin stating that since the 15th instant there has been incessant increase in the concentration of Russian forces at Port Arthur.

THE TARIFF QUESTION.

DEBATE IN THE LORDS.

AN APPEAL TO THE DUKE OF DEVONSHIRE.

In the of House of Lords, last night, Lord Lytton asked whether the fiscal policy of Mr. Chamberlain was the policy of the Government.

Lord James made an impassioned appeal to the Duke of Devonshire to come forward at this crisis and exert his influence in the cause of free trade.

Lord Spencer expressed his belief that while the Duke of Devonshire stood firm, the Cabinet would never adopt Mr. Chamberlain's policy.

The Duke of Devonshire declared that Mr. Chamberlain spoke for himself alone, and no member of the Government had yet said a single word to identify himself with that policy. The position of the Government is simply that there is a case for enquiry [illegible]race added I am still a free trader.

ANGLO-GERMAN RELATIONS.

GOVERNMENT'S ATTITUDE CONDEMNED.

"SHIFTINESS AND UNCERTAINTY."

LONDON, JULY 23.

During the debate in the House of Commons on the Foreign Office vote, Sir C. Dilke and Mr. Gibson Bowles condemned the shiftiness and uncertainty of the Government's attitude towards Germany.

Lord Cranborne denied that our relations with Germany were a succession of blunders. Government, he said, desire to be on good terms with everybody, but it put the Colonies before everybody. Respecting Canada it was, he said, impossible to continue under the conditions complained of by Mr. Chamberlain, and he repeated the declaration that we could not allow Germany's anti-Colonial discrimination to continue without taking all steps to terminate it.

TROOPS IN SOUTH AFRICA.

INDIAN GOVERNMENT'S OPINION AWAITED.

Lord George Hamilton, in reply to Sir H. Fowler, said that until the opinion of the Indian Government had been received, there would be no final decision respecting the proposal to charge India with a proportion of the cost of the troops in South Africa.

STEAMSHIP SUBSIDIES.

EAST AFRICAN LINE PROJECTED.

Mr. Austen Chamberlain, replying to a question in the House of Commons, said that in view of the report of the Commission on steam-ship subsidies, Government were considering the establishment of a direct British line to East Africa.

LABOUR IN RHODESIA.

INDIANS IN THE MINES.

Mr. Chamberlain, in reply to Sir Thomas Dewar, said the Indian Government was unable to consent to the proposal of the Government of Southern Rhodesia regarding the import of coloured labour, because the demand for Indian under-ground labour exceeded the supply.

THE POPE'S OBSEQUIES.

LYING-IN-STATE AT ST. PETER'S.

The Pope is now lying-in-state at Saint Peter's. Fifteen thousand persons passed by the remains in the first two hours.

FRENCH DEPUTIES IN LONDON.

STATE RECEPTION AT THE MANSION HOUSE.

The Lord Mayor held a state reception to-day of the French deputies at the Mansion House.

HOCKEY AT MADRAS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, JULY 23.

The Madras Cricket Club and the Bangalore Gymkhana met again this evening, yesterday's match being drawn. For Madras Noone replaced Pelly who was unable to play. The change weakened the team considerably. Bangalores were the same as in yesterday's game. Calty made a rush at the start and nearly scored. Both teams then settled down and the play was even. Gradually Bangalore pressed their opponents, and with a combined rush sent the ball into the Madras goal and Bangalore continued to press, and half time arrived without further score. Bangalore changed over, leading by one goal. In the second half Bangalore continued to press and then Madras attacked and several times nearly scored, but Harvey and Kelly, the Bangalore backs, were very safe. Bangalore again attacked and Phillips dribbled well and scored again, an appeal for foul being disregarded. From this point Madras played up wonderfully. Scovell gained repeated applause for his brilliant defence. Witman shot a goal which was disallowed owing to sticks. Then from a good pass from Fraser O'Reilly scored the first goal for Madras, who continued to attack furiously. Bangalore seemed fairly bewildered and could do nothing but hit into touch. Time found Bangalore ahead by two goals to one.

The other match was between the Durhams and the Middlesex Regiment. The former won the toss and played with the wind. They pressed continuously, and after a few minutes Bowen scored for the Durhams. Middlesex occasionally broke away, but the Durhams played the better game, and scored a second goal just before half time. In the second half the character of the game changed. Middlesex played up marvellously, Hamilton keeping the side together wonderfully. From a long scrimmage in the Durham territory, Middlesex scored their first goal, but in spite of continually pressing, could not score again. The Durhams thus won by two goals to one.

THE GOVERNOR'S VISIT TO SIMLA.

PROJECT ABANDONED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 24.

The visit of the Governor of Bombay and Lady Northcote to Simla has been abandoned, but the poudre ball and threatricals at the Viceregal Lodge will take place as arranged.

HEAVY RAIN AT SRINAGAR.

Rain was still falling at Srinagar at five this morning and telegraphic communication has since been interrupted.

LORD AMPTHILL'S TOUR.

BANGALORE, JULY 24.

Lord Ampthill accompanied by Mr. Lyon, Private Secretary, Captain Thompson, A. D. C., and Major Gifford, Medical Officer arrived in Bangalore from Ooty this morning on the way to the long tour in Anantapur and Bellary districts. Having spent some hours at the Residency as the guest of Sir Donald and Lady Robertson, his Excellency left at one o'clock. At noon the Maharajah of Mysore paid him a private visit.

VOLUNTEER FORCES IN INDIA.

ANNUAL REPORT.

SIMLA, JULY 24.

The annual report for 1902-03 on the Volunteer Forces in India by Major-General Collins is issued. It shows that the total strength of the Volunteers in India is now 32,496, an increase of 1,263 on the preceding twelve months. Fourteen thousand small bore rifles and carbines have already been issued to the Indian Volunteers, and the remainder to complete the re-armament will be given out during the current year. It adds: Shooting of all corps that have been rearmed with the '303 arms has very much improved, so much so that the standard for marksmen is found to be too low, and that a very much higher standard of shooting than has hitherto been considered sufficient will be obtainable as soon as all the volunteers have been re-armed.

LUNG DISEASE IN NATIVE TROOPS.

SIMLA, JULY 24.

In consequence of the prevalence of tubercle of the lungs amongst native troops serving in the Indian hill stations, especially in the Punjab, which has been attributed in part to insufficient cubic space in quarters, the Government of India have sanctioned an increased scale of accommodation for single men of the native troops in the hills.

"GAZETTE" NOTIFICATIONS.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

SIMLA, JULY 24.

Major Frowe, Lieutenant Smith, and Captain Muscratt receive a step of promotion each in the Supply and Transport Corps.

Conductors Taylor of the Ordnance and Cope of the Public Works are transferred to the Pension Establishment.

Lieut-Colonel W. H. D. Jones is admitted to a Colonel's allowance.

Lieutenant Gravin, 3rd Lancers, Hyderabad Contingent, has been permitted to retire.

First Battalion, G. I. P. Railway Volunteers,—The Honourable Colonel Wemdon to be Colonel Commandant. Second Battalion.—Lieutenant-Colonel Shipp to be Commandant.

Good conduct medals are conferred upon the following members of the Bombay Establishment:—Conductors Cowie, Hammond, Underwood, Winston and Dillon, and Sub-Conductors Stephenson Duncan Freemantle, Hewitt, Webster, Kaye, and Nolan, (Ordnance), and also with a gratuity upon Sergeant Kendall, without gratuity upon conductors Arthur and Smith (Supply and Transport), and Conductor Hudson (Bombay Sappers), and with gratuity upon Sergeant-Instructor Goskell. In Bombay Assistant Surgeons Pais, Rose, D'Souza, Gardiner, Pruce, Tunwich, and Amor receive long service medals.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

Captain M Kechnie, Plague Medical Officer, Jubbulpore, has been granted six months' leave.

PRESENTATION OF SERVICE MEDALS.

CALCUTTA, JULY 24.

To-day at the Parade Ground, Fort William Brigadier-General Leach, commanding the Presidency District, in the presence of the officers and men of the Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders and the 79th Battery, Royal Garrison Artillery, presented long service and good conduct medal to Conductor O'Donnell of the Ordnance Department, and distinguished conduct medals to Sergeant-Major H. J. Sandam, Quartermaster-Sergeant H. Braden, and Sergeant H. D. Charlesworth, all of the 64th Battery, Royal Field Artillery, now stationed at Barrackpore.

EMIGRATION FROM MADRAS.

MADRAS, JULY 24.

The Madras Government has ordered the publication of a notification appointing all the taluq magistrates (Tahsildars) in the Madras Presidency to perform within the local limits of their respective taluqs the functions of registering officer under Act 21 of 1883 in the case of persons engaged to emigrate to British Colonies to which emigration is lawful.

THE POONA RACES.

POONA, JULY 24.

From this afternoon it is raining hard. The race course is very heavy. A meeting of the Stewards will be held to-morrow morning to decide if the races are to run or not.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

The Aden Fortress Company, Bombay Sappers and Miners, will be railed from Kirkee to Bombay by a special mixed troop train leaving at 8 o'clock on the 28th instant, arriving at Wadi Bunder at 6-15 the following morning and will embark in the hired transport Ranee for Aden in relief of No. 3 Company which has been ordered to Somaliland.

HARWOOD FOOTBALL LEAGUE.

A match was played between the North Staffords B. team and the Royal Engineers last evening on the Cooperage. The soldiers had everything their own way from start till finish, and ran out victorious by seven goals to nil.

TELEGRAPHIC FOREIGN SERVICE

JULY 24.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

GREAT BRITAIN—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, perfect. Via Suez, perfect.

CONTINENT OF EUROPE—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey perfect. Via Suez perfect.

AMERICA—Via Brest perfect. Via Valentia, perfect. Via Direct Cable, perfect.

AUSTRALIA—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect. Via Bhamo, perfect.

AFRICA—Via Aden, perfect. Via Cadiz Teneriffe, perfect Via Lisbon, St. Vincent, perfect.

Cable Cayenne Pinheiros interrupted.

Cable Puerto Plata Martinique interrupted.

Cables Dominique Martinique, St. Lucia Martinique St. Lucia, St. Vincent, interrupted.

Telegrams will be carried frequently by steamers.

Cable communication with Martinique is open via Lisbon and Cadiz.

Telegrams will be accepted only at sender's risk.

Code addresses should not be used.

Cable to Paramaribo Cayenne interrupted.

Telegrams for Dominica are subject to censorship.

Telegrams in Code may be accepted for route but those in cipher language are not admitted.

Cable to St Vincent Grenada interrupted.

Communication with Tonkin by land line restored but by cable still interrupted.

Cable Zanzibar Mombassa interrupted.

Latest dates of Foreign Messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 24th July 1903.

(Difference in Longitude allowed for.)

Via.	Latest Dates. D.	H.	M.	Time occupied in transmission. Hours.	Minutes.
Turkey	24	4	5 p.m.	8	33
Teheran	24	3	30 p.m.	9	19
Suez	24	3	00 p.m.	—	8

Time occupied in the transmission of messages to Bombay during the 24 hours ending 8 p.m. 24th July 1903.

	Maximum Time. H.	M.	Minimum Time. H.	M.
From Calcutta	0	18	0	2
From Madras	0	18	0	2

WOMEN'S INTERESTS.

GOWNS FOR GIRL GRADUATES.

WOMEN AT THE 'VARSITIES.

THE SUBJECT OF DEGREES.

LONDON, JULY 3.

For the prize-day gown simplicity is the one thing sought after. Never has there been a season when so many pretty and easily-made designs were shown for these white frocks. Mull, handkerchief and Persian lawn, point d'esprite, dotted Swiss and more expensive materials, like crepe de chine, are being used. But, of course, the mull and lawn are always more appropriate. In the matter of quality the thinnest textures are first choice for this maiden finery. As a trimming for these dainty textiles nothing is prettier than footing, either of the plain or open sort, Valenciennes lace, and hand-tucking. Fitted flounces on the skirt and innumerable tiny ruffles and accordion-pleated jupons are the favourite styles, but they use an enormous amount of material. The blouses are usually made without collars, and are cut in small squares, ovals, or points, with lace and embroideries edging them in many ways. The sleeves of the smartest gowns suggest an evening prettiness, for a number are only elbow length, and from this point they hang in floating flounces, with the drop longest at the back. Nothing is prettier on a round, young arm than such a sleeve, and it gives all the opportunity desired for either a bracelet or the patch of black court plaster that the girlish coquette loves to display on her white wrist. A single deep skirt flounce, pointed in the front is a characteristic feature with several of these pretty frocks, and many of them are made with yokes tucked, puffed, and lace-inserted. A gown with its skirt flounce headed by the single row of narrow Paraguay lace—a new and highly-effective web, by the way—was made of French organdy. The blouse fastened under the left arm, and the lace-inserted yoke had the neck cut out in the predominating square. The sleeves, which fell in a single deep ruffle at the bottom, had close-fitting upper portions.

Another of these pretty frocks was of the time-honoured Swiss, ornamented chiefly with the time-honoured frill, which is narrower than a flounce, though long preceding it in the period of fashion. Frills, put round the body on a blouse foundation of the same material formed almost all of the blouse. The skirt sleeves were nearly completely of frills, and six of them, showing three tucks above the narrow hem, as did all the others, decked the bottom of the skirt. The upper part was inserted with Valenciennes lace, crossing at the front in a complicated pointing. A point de esprit frock, with white satin bands, had three skirt flounces of perhaps six inches in width. The odd little yoke of the bodice was plentifully striped with the satin, which was put on in narrow bias pieces, and the flounces of the sleeves were unusually deep. A shaped belt of folded satin girdled the waist, but with the two preceding ones wide sashes of white Louisine had been provided. As to this detail a made sash of the Louisine shown for gowns is considered smarter than one in ribbon form. Louisine ribbons are apt to get stringy with one or two wearings, but the tucks and hemming of the made sash insure the fragile textures against this. At many schools and colleges the sash worn represents the school colours. In this event it should be of soft plain silk, and for this purpose silk by the yard makes a much more durable waist trimming than ribbon, which is very apt to curl up and get stringy. Pretty and youthful styles should be chosen by the prize-winning girl who will doubtless choose the coiffure which twists the hair in a heavy bunch at the nape of the neck. The locks are divided evenly at the back, and each section loosely rolled. They are then brought together at the point where the ends wrapped round the coil, which may be docked of one side or both with a ribbon bow or a knot of simple flowers. Other low and drooping effects are made by definitely braiding the hair, which is afterwards wound in a rounder coil, with a white bow straight across the top. The front of the coiffure is in a feathery, loose pompadour, or the hair may be parted at one side or in the middle with a mist of love locks at the temples. Pretty details for the graduating girl are the reticules of coarsely-knitted white silk, with gold trimmings, which the jewellers show. Some for ordinary use are fashioned in the popular coarse linens. The object of them is to hold the handkerchief, purse smelling-bottle, and other feminine trifles. Some little fans which likewise may be slipped into them are scarcely five inches long. These are made of white and tinted gauzes, shaped and painted to simulate roses, orchids, and bluebells. Sometimes the case is in a deep violet, but that is no defect in the pretties of the toy, with its diamond-dust dew and slim sticks. The prettiest of these fans for prize day use are, of course, the white ones.

The great successes of women in the recent Tripoes have been successes gained in every branch of learning, in the severe mathematical studies—for which the female mind really seems to have special affinity, although not so long ago it was precisely in the direction of such exact sciences that it was supposed to be incompetent—as well as in classics, history, natural science, and law—a lady being between the second and the third men on the list in the First Class of the Law Tripos. Absurdly enough, women are not yet admitted to the Theological Tripos, although their admittedly greater interest in organized religion would seem to mark this as a subject above all others to which they should have been early welcomed. Languages are especially attractive to women students. Upon more than one occasion, ladies' names alone have appeared in the First Class in the Mediæval and Modern Languages Tripos; and this year five ladies have passed in spoken German and only three men, and four ladies in spoken French with only two men. In history, there are two men and two women in the First Class in part one, and two women and five men in the First Class in part two. In classics a lady is in the First Class, together with only five men. Needless to say, the number of men up at the University pursuing their studies is to merely greater than the number of women; so that these records are even more impressive as to "the great aptitude of women's minds for learning" than at first appears. At the London University Degree Days, out of 92 Bachelors of Science no fewer than 22 were women. Ten ladies became M.A., 92 passed the F.A., two became Doctors of Medicine, seven were made Bachelors of Medicine, and two received the very high distinction of Doctor of Science. London University, of course, allows the women who earn degrees to receive them; Cambridge still denies the distinguished women who take the highest honours the right to receive the degree, which men get for a bare "pass."

It is surely infinitely and inconceivably mean that man should continue to deny to those brilliant women students the right to use the degree which is gained by all the hundreds of young men who scrape through the ordinary B.A. examination with a bare pass. Yet more distressing than the fact that the right to wear the degree that is so much more than earned by their acquirements is still refused to women is the remembrance of the demonstrations of joy made by the undergraduates a few years ago the last time that the graduates by their votes determined to perpetuate this singularly mean "Protection." The evil spirit indicated in rejoicings over so poor a privilege as this shows how far we are from the ideal of equal social justice. It certainly appears that the subject for regret in every injustice done to women, in every refusal to allow them to exercise their faculties and powers to the utmost extent, in every opposition to the opening to them of all opportunities for culture and mental development, in every denial to them of the encouragements and rewards by which they might be stimulated to train and exercise their faculties to the full, is not the injury done to women themselves alone, but that done to the progress of humanity. It is in the interests of mankind that neither when a large portion of the all too limited intellectual greatness and moral goodness now confined to the world in each generation are permitted to wither and rust for want of proper tendance and use.

A new aspect of this truth is this. There are facts about some of the successful women in the Cambridge Tripos leading to the hypothesis that the faculties of the male are more likely to be transmitted to daughters than to sons. It is a matter of notoriety already that a very clever man has usually had a mother of exceptional ability. Individual illustrations are too numerous and, indeed, too familiar to enter upon at this moment. It may be said that whenever a whole family of sons have proved themselves to be men of exceptional ability, as in the case of the Pollocks and the Napiers, the mother has always been a person of distinction and talent who had impressed those who knew her with her great qualities. Conversely, it is notorious how often clever men have sons who do not do justice to the parental record. Until now it has not been possible to view this problem from the reverse side. In other words it is only lately that we have been able to judge whether the intellectual brilliance of the father was likely to be reflected in that of the daughter. Strong reason has now been given in successive years in the Cambridge lists to suppose that girls are apt to inherit their father's characteristic mental powers. Miss Fawcett, thirteen years ago, carried off what Cambridge considers its premier honour—it being the great mathematical University; she was first in that subject, "above the Senior Wrangler." Well her father in his day had been in Seventh Wrangler. And now, this year, there is the illustration of Professor Hudson, who was in his student days Third Wrangler. Two years ago one of his daughters was Fifth Wrangler, and now this year a second daughter comes out as Seventh Wrangler. The leading Classical women show a similar striking record. Miss Ramsay, who was a few years ago the first person in the first class (men and women both in) the Classical Tripos—had a father and also an uncle who had taken high Classical honours at the same University, In another year, Miss Alford came out in company with only three men in the first class in the Classical Tripos; and her father, as well as his brother, Dean Alford, were both in their day eminent Classical scholars. How interesting and important it will be if eventually the fact emerges clearly that the intellectual inheritance passes rather from father to daughter and from mother to son than from each parent to the child of the same gender! It will be obvious how much the world has lost by the failure through so many generations to develop the full powers of women, by education for them in that first place, and by encouragement for their exercise in later life, if it becomes clear that men are affected chiefly by their mothers' intellectual powers, and that fathers must pass on their abilities through their daughters mainly.

How to wash light summer materials is an important topic this summer, as it is a year for fabrics of the lightest kind. Very often the colour of lawn and muslin dresses is spoiled by the action of the soap. Instead of using soap, proceed as follows: Take about two quarts of bran and boil it for half an hour in soft water. When it has cooled, strain and pour the liquid into the fresh water in which the frock is to be washed. The bran water will not only remove the dirt, but will give the fabric a much nicer stiffness than starch (neither starch nor soap is to be used), and will make the muslin look like new. If there is a coloured pattern on the muslin be this will not change in any way. The ironing will be made very much easier if the pattern is drawn from the skirt and sleeve. Prints should be washed quickly in two soapy waters, but no soap should be rubbed on them. If a few drops of vitriol are put in the rinsing waters this will fix the colours; but do not put this into a black print, or the black will fade. Salt or a little spirits of turpentine will do best for the latter. When the colours are very delicate, pour half a gallon of boiling water on half a pound of bran; let it stand, strain, and use when lukewarm. Soak the article about in this, but do not rub it. Never starch fine lace; dissolve a little powdered sugar in the water in which the lace is last rinsed. If bluing is used, be sure all soap is rinsed from the goods, as many bluings contain Prussian blues, and as that is a compound of two iron salts which is precipitated by alkalis, this accounts for many of the iron-rust spots found on clothing, as does the necessity for through rinsing. A spoonful of oxgall to a gallon of water will set the colour of almost any coloured material soaked in it before washing. Or common salt, one tablespoonful to a gallon of water at the last rinsing. Vinegar, one quarter cup (white wine is best) in one gallon of water at last rinsing restores aniline colours which have been faded by washing, especially pinks and greens.

CYCLING AT HOME.

LONDON, JULY 3.

The first National Cyclists' Union championship meeting of the season, was held on the Canning Town track on June 27th. It proved most successful with the exception of the final heat for the one mile championship, which is considered the blue riband of the amateur race path. In this event the time limit of 2 minutes 50 seconds was exceeded, and the race was therefore declared void. A. L. Reed won this event, as well as the 5 miles championship, decided at the same meeting, with J. S. Benyon second, and J. T. Marnie third. This latter race proved a splendid race, and Reed only won by the narrow margin of a few inches. There were two motor-cycle events included in the programme, the first a five miles handicap, won by C. R. Collier, and the second a three miles match between C. R. Collier and J. C. Crundall. Crundall, who was mounted on a Dunlop tyred cycle gradually drew away from his opponent, and eventually won by 250 yards in the good time of 3 minutes 33 4-5 seconds.

The fact that the competitors in the mile championship exceeded the time limit of 2 minutes 50 seconds, has drawn forth a howl of disapproval from those who have the interest of cycle racing at heart. This "leaning" all but killed the sport some few years ago, and if the amateur men are going to hold back from doing their proper share of pacing, and treat the spectators to an exhibition of crawling, they will find that sport promoters will throw up the sponge, and not trouble to organise meetings of any description. It is hard enough now to provide a programme that will entice the public to such gatherings, and if the unsatisfactory item to such a sticking display of racing as that in the mile event, "gates" are bound to fall away.

A capital branch of sport is hill climbing, and the competitions of this nature held from time to time throughout the country are invariably well supported by road racing men, not only as competitors, but as spectators. Actual road racing being prohibited by the police, Hill-climbing competitions in a way fill the bill, and to our idea provide far more interesting sport, since the progress of competitors can be watched from start to finish, and undoubtedly in competitions of this kind the best man wins. The Southern Cycling Club recently held their annual competition on the same hill. We understand a very good entry has been received.

There is only one advantage that can be derived from the imposition of a tax on cycles, and that is the possibility of obtaining figures as to the number of machines in use in the British Isles. So far, any figures that have been published are only estimates, and cannot in any way be taken as reliable. In France, however, a reliable record is provided by means of the cycle tax, and we find that during last year the number of cycles that were registered in France amounted to the enormous total of 1,230,000 being ten times more than those registered in 1895. This is a surprising total when considering this automobilism has taken such a hold on the French people, and is advancing in that country with such tremendous strides.

Cycling, too, in China is in a flourishing condition, and the imports of machines continue to increase, showing that the Chinese have thrown to the winds the objections which they first put forward against the introduction of the cycle. But manufacturers who do export business to China must be careful as to the type of machine which they supply, for in a report which is issued by the United States Consul at Newchang, he says that there is no demand whatever for men's cycles, but only for the ladies' type, as the native costume requires a dropped frame machine.

Amongst the recent carnivals that have taken place, and which have proved marked successes must be mentioned the Woodford Cycle Meet held in June, when a sum of money was collected that is estimated will exceed £400, and the Liverpool Cyclists' Carnival held last week. Since the Liverpool Carnival was inaugurated in 1901 a sum of over £4,500 has been collected and distributed amongst the hospitals and medical charities in Liverpool, the annual takings ranging from £68 to £950. If only a record could be taken of the amount of money annually collected in this way, by cyclists masquerading and putting themselves to considerable inconvenience and expense, the total would preclude not only interesting reading, but a surprising amount.

Energetic steps have been taken by the Birmingham centre of the National Cyclists' Union to force the Aston District Council to move in the matter of the unsafe state of the tram lines which provide a death-trap for all wheelmen who have occasion to pass along the streets where the metals are laid. The Aston District Council not taking any notice of a communication sent them, in which the bad state of the tram lines was fully pointed out, Mr. Wootton and his colleagues decided to lay the matter before the Board of Trade, and with a view to setting forth the whole facts of the case, which was submitted to one of the Board of Trade secretaries, photographs showing the disgraceful state of the tramways were included. The official at the Board of Trade promised to give the matter his earnest attention.

There seems but little chance for England to be represented at the world's championships which are down for decision at Copenhagen this month. It is greatly to be regretted, since with A. L. Reed for the shorter distance event, and Leon Meredith for the 100 kilometre race, the chances of England would be particularly rosy, if is not, however, owing to a lack of men that England will be unrepresented in the amateur events, but solely to the fact that the executive of the National Cyclists' Union is not in such a flourishing condition as to warrant the executive paying the expenses of the representatives. There is just the possibility of Meredith going over on his own, but then, without the assistance of the N. C. U. towards his expenses, we are afraid that he will be handicapped by indifferent motor pacing.

PASSENGERS BY THE HOMEWARD MAIL.

THE following passengers will proceed to-day by the P. and O. Co.'s steamer Persi, to Marseilles and London:—

Talbot Mr A W J
Chandler Mr E A
Byers Capt C B
Thomas Mr W J
Freeman Mr C T
Haumer Capt L A G
White Isr Col
Moore Mr A V
Wilkin Mr and Mrs A H
James Maj H
Bayley Mr E C
Price Mr E M
Richards Capt M C
Heywood Capt C H
Henry Maj-Genl Geo
Carlyle C I S Mr R W
Partridge Mr G B
Budden Mr H O
Newnham Major
Corrington Mr John
Curtain Mr
Montague Mr J M
Cooper Lt A Col L E
Robinson Lieut F W
Harrison A F
Smyth Mr F W
O'Brien Miss
Hall C I L
Threadingham Miss A
Martin Lieut A V H
Sanford Capt
Mc rick Mr H W
Grant Lieut H

Bowman Mr and Mrs J O M and inft
Warnock Miss
Williams Lieut G R K
Gore Mrs F E
Bidwell Mr R F H
Hickman Col H P
Brooke Capt
Tretheway Mrs
Brown Mr A
Milton Mr
Hill Mr W H
Hardy Mr and Mrs C C
Finch Mr C F
Henderson Miss
Dickson Mr C A
Webster Col Sir Edward
Boulton Brig—Genl and Mrs S B and Maid
Macpherson Mr and Mrs—Child and Inft
Litchfield Mr E
Utahu Mr L
Waller Mr R H
Lees-Thorpe Mrs J B
Collard Mrs W K
Murrays-Smith Mr A
Norman Capt H H
Hayman Mr J M
Clarke Mr
Moffat Mr
Stevenson Lt W C
Elliott Mr H

A LADY who boarded the Ramsgate boat at Tilbury informed a railway official that she had lost a brooch worth £50, and her impression was that she had dropped it in the railway carriage. Three porters raced for the empty carriages, and the brooch was found on the floor of a first-class compartment. The finder was rewarded with a half-sovereign.

BOOKS TO GET.

THE RIDDLE OF THE SANDS, by Erskine Childers, purports to be a record of secret service recently achieved, and it is complete in every way, with two maps, two charts, and a large measure of vivid interest. Of course the manuscript came somewhat mysteriously into the hands of the able editor, under a provisional pledge of secrecy. This, after consultation with the writer of the manuscript, was flung to the winds and "as a drastic cure for what had come to be nothing less than a national disease," it was decided that the story of the yachting cruise of two adventurous young Englishmen, with the discoveries made by them, should be given to the world; dates, however, were disguised, names of persons made fictitious, and certain romantic liberties were taken in order to conceal the identity of the English individuals concerned. The interest of the reader, thus aroused, is entirely satisfied, and though the scene is laid among the low lying German Frisian Islands at the mouths of the Weser and the Ems, and the melancholy sandbanks and dunes that defy romance, he eagerly follows the efforts of "Carruthers" and "Davies" to get at the bottom of the problem the latter set himself. The idea was that the German Government had conceived the project of an invasion of England, by throwing an Army on its shores. How to do this was the subject of much consideration by German strategists, and they realised that single-handed little could be done, but presupposing a coalition of three Powers against Great Britain it might come within the range of possibilities. Even then to convey a sufficient number of troops to the nearest British coast presented enormous difficulties. Germany was—in compliment to her well-disciplined Army, we suppose—to have charge of the actual invasion, and for this purpose was to remain ostensibly neutral, until the two other Powers had somewhat broken the sea-forces of Britain. Then Germany would transport across the North Sea a sufficient number of her great army to strike a blow at the heart of English industry and thus paralyse the Empire. But how to convey her troops without attracting the attention which would inevitably frustrate her designs was the question, and it was to discover her plans for this movement that "Davies" went in a small yacht nominally to shoot duck among the Frisian Islands. To send the troops by transports to large ports in the ordinary fashion would be suicidal, but to despatch an army of infantry with the lightest type of field-guns in big sea-going lighters, towed by powerful shallow-draught tugs, in seven distinct subdivisions, would meet the case. This expedition could be prepared in absolute secrecy on that part of the coast which is sheltered by the Frisian Islands. There are seven streams, insignificant though to escape attention, but capable of being improved and deepened sufficiently to float the lighters and tugs. Out from the seven small harbours, which have grown up there to accommodate fishing-boats, the troops would go, having been brought from different centres by rail with all the discretion necessary to the success of the project. It was calculated that only to four men on the spot need be confided the secret of the embarkation. The preliminaries of the scheme being worked out, a rehearsal was to take place, minus the troops, for Europe was in the enjoyment of profound peace, and "Davies" was determined to fathom all the arrangements and learn how the mouse-key of the scheme worked. It is the adventures he and "Carruthers" went through to accomplish this that are here related, and related with all the accuracy and circumstance of a ship's log-book, the imagination of a romance writer, and the wisdom of a strategist. The two friends exert every sense and every nerve to put two and two together. They do the work of detectives and hunt fragments of conversation. They make the acquaintance of all four of the important local men. They see through the pretended salvage operations which ostensibly account for their presence in Frisian Channels. From one mysterious night consultation "Carruthers" learns that the choice of landing places lay between the Essex coast flats, and the Wash, either has low-lying land, and is bordered with sand flats. Boston Deeps lead easily to a landing place on the latter, where the troops would march rapidly and seize the whole post-office instead of the Admiralty Intelligence Department. "Davies" and "Carruthers" nearly lost their lives in discovering much of this, but as they succeeded even beyond their expectations, they came back to England triumphant, and placed the important facts they had discovered in the hands of the authorities, who after a show of dignified incredulity utilised them eventually "to avert a great national danger." But the political tendencies of later days seeming to have neutralised in the minds of responsible chiefs, the importance at first attached to such a pregnant discovery, the narrative was given to the public as a method of frightening the authorities into action—quite a good enough reason for interesting readers in a very clever book, but a certain method of defeating the designs of the opposing strategist.

BOSMAN PERS, by John Cranham, is one of that writer's most carefully thought out stories. It opens in Court where the Judge, who was called "The Hanging Judge," was dispensing justice, but slightly, if at all, tempered with mercy. The prisoner at the bar who is the hero is charged with embezzlement, under peculiar circumstances, pleads guilty, is found guilty by the jury, and condemned by the judge to a year's imprisonment. The situation is a difficult one from which to rescue a man and bring him up again to the surface. The author shows that his hero, technically a criminal, is in the eyes of the discriminating an honest man, but one who in desperation and to preserve or prolong the life of his wife, broke the law deliberately and yet took all the precautions possible for reimbursing his employer to whose money he helped himself. The year's imprisonment among convicts stamps him inevitably as a criminal, and we follow him in his efforts, after his release, to walk up the ladder of life again and to earn his bread honestly. It was apparently a hopeless task, but he remained true to his perceptions of right and wrong through it all. The story is told with exact tude, and it fills one with despair to see the hopelessness of expecting that a recognised convict—be he ever so guiltless in his heart—can ever reinstate himself in the ranks of the innocent. This unfortunate man was always, sooner or later, identified, and sank lower and lower in the scale of employment, being driven from every place by the malicious recognition of fellow-prisoners. At last, when at the lowest depths of poverty and depression, he happened to come across some one to befriends him "quasi memo" and therefore he had a happier life, though by no means free from the consequences of his prison year. The book shows much skill in following to virtue considerable rewards but granting vice the outrageous success it often attains. He certainly permits the wicked to work much evil among his just men. The hero and the judge understand one another perfectly, but are quite outmatched by certain escaped convicts who owe them a grudge. The story is far more interesting than most novels.

THE PEARL MAIDEN, by Rider Haggard. When one takes up the story and finds that it opens in the time of the persecution of the early Christians under Herod Agrippa, it is difficult to refrain from laying it down again, for solemnity and description of harrowing details that produce depression of spirits is not exactly the prospect one has in view in reading a novel. But Rider Haggard rivets the attention at once. He modifies the usual Christian Martyr by a type quite unexpected. There is, indeed, the beautiful persecuted Rachel to be thrown with the rest to the lions, but beside her is Natushka, a Christian Arab slave, who is quite ready for martyrdom to save her mistress, but who intends to sell Rachel's life dearly. She foretells early death by the knife to their renegade jailor, and like a true prophet, subsequently carries out her prophecy herself in the exact manner foretold. Then she manages, with a skill and readiness that we fear few denizens of the great deserts possess, to hide her mistress, and threatens the merchant who finds her hidden with instant death by her redoubtable knife if he betrays them. That point gained, she threatens again until he agrees to get them off to Egypt in one of his galleons. A story, even of those past ages, begun in this spirit, is sure to interest. In the shelter of such a defender as Natushka, he gen her virtues flourish, and the palm of martyrdom is delayed. Life is preserved long enough by the chief personage in the book to give Rider Haggard a chance of presenting a very entertaining narrative of the dangers and wanderings incidental to the lives of those who adopted the higher teaching of the despised Christians of the early centuries.

We have seen an Account Book issued by the B. E. S. Scott's Press, Bombay, in which the housekeeper can enter House, Bazaar, and Dhobie's expenditure simultaneously for twelve months. It has besides a Servants' Diary and Wages Table. With these pages ready prepared, and each in alphabetical order as to the items, no housekeeper can complain of difficulty in keeping accounts. See or be—if a man ever condescends to details—can by the aid of this book, see at a glance the daily outlay and the total for each month under every head. The Servants' Diary—a most useful page—keeps the record of their Names, Occupation, Date of Wages, Date of Engagement, Date of Discharge and Signature; there might, perhaps, have been another column for character, good, bad, or indifferent. At the end of the Accounts comes a table of Totals for each month in everything; this is also in alphabetical order. It is an excellent publication, and has the great advantage of having all one's accounts under one cover. The get up is simple and suitable.

WHEN James Cutland was sentenced to ten days in a New York police-court for drunkenness, he said: "Why don't you make it thirty?" "Thirty for it?" calmly remarked the magistrate. "Make it sixty, then," declared Cutland. "You're accommodated," was the reply." "Give me three months," bowled Cutland, in a rage. "Request granted," said the prisoner was led away.

THE NEW MAIL CONTRACT.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Having no connection whatever either with the Bombay Chamber of Commerce, beyond an interest in its struggles with Eastern duplicity and pachydermatous conservatism, or with the present holders of the mail contract, I do not think I can be accused of partiality. Nevertheless I read with astonishment the "leader" by your contemporary in the issue of the 14th instant, and the footnote to the letter from the Secretary of the Chamber, published in a subsequent issue. The "leader" and footnote counted annihilation at the hands of a well-informed opponent, and I confess to a feeling of satisfaction at the crushing rejoinder from the Secretary of the Chamber. East and West are impressed at Port Said by a gigantic advertisement that your worthy contemporary is "The Leading Paper in Asia." In view of its present attitude towards the new mail contract one may pertinently ask "Leading where?" Back to the age of the coracle and pliocene dug-out? It is high time this misleading sign was either taken down or modified. Apart altogether from the patent inaccuracy of the editorial remarks, the whole tone on this all important topic is unenlightened and retrogressive to a positively startling degree. Your contemporary forgets that on at least two occasions during the present contract an acceleration of 48 hours has been achieved. Does it really mean to advocate a new contract giving the public a worse service than is at present practicable? In asking only 48 hours' acceleration for the first three years the Chamber has, in my humble opinion, shown great moderation, and from the public point of view, an uncalled for consideration towards the present holders of the mail contract. The only fault I have to find with the Chamber is the suggestion that only 72

THE STRONG TALE

(Concluded from page 4.)

Most of the hospitality is shown you at the Club. It is a dear little club—and unique. In fact there are two clubs—one like—well never mind, and the other like another one. One reminded the Other Fellows of that they call the Yacht Club in Bombay instead of the Royal Bombay Yacht Club. But there is absolutely no similarity. In the one everybody sits on three square yards of rich lush grass, in his or her best frock, listens to a Coon Song or a Cake-walk, and then drives limpidly, languorously, languidly home again to lethargy, while at the other they appear in short business-like skirts and flannels, and punch balls about till all's blue. They may not be able to do so very long, for the Chinamen are jostling one another on the road. They own much of the land, and you find Chinamen everywhere.

"Well, what did you expect to find, Choetaws? There's nothing very remarkable about finding Chinamen in Shanghai, seeing that it's their own.

* * *

Boundless hospitality, beautiful, bountiful, boundless hospitality! But you may take it from me that the time to see Shanghai by night is not immediately after partaking of that boundless hospitality. We are apt to become inquisitive and fractious. Be t stay, and look at the Club library, with the finest and best selected array of volumes in the East—

"That's what you said of the H nkong Club."

"Excuse me, Hongkong Club for newspapers and magazines."

"Best selected what?" persisted Smithson.

"Why, what have you got!"

"Pitches in Paradise," "G——

"Must be your own copies. They can't belong to the Club. They wouldn't have those in Bombay—not even in the Asiatic."

But I was telling you how we came to see Shanghai by night—as philosophers. We went in company of a friend and a detective.

"A detective! How did you come to be in company of a detective; and what was the lady's name?"

"When we left the club, the first man we struck was a detective. And then the fun began. You don't suppose we sought the detective's society. He forced it upon us."

"You mean to say you fell into the hands of the police for assaulting an officer in the execution of his duty?"

"I mean to say nothing of the sort. Besides, the detective was the mildest mannered man who ever picked a pocket or took a tip from a belated pedestrian. He carried an electric punka in his hand by way of disguise. And this was wise, for the native detective is a power in Shanghai. He must have been a highly successful officer of the Criminal Investigation Department, for everybody knew him and it was a sight to see how evil-doers scuttled into the darkest corners of the gilded halls of vice when he clapped his eye to the key-hole. Capital arrangement, that! Saves a lot of trouble and balances the arrests and convictions beautifully in the Police returns."

It was really a queer experience to the unitiated—"But you jolly nearly got initiated at Hongkong. Would have been, if I hadn't got you back to the steamer; bucking about the handwriting on the wall, and so forth."

We went to a native theatre. Just like an Indian theatre! Same, only more so. You know the sort of thing—no use wasting words on it. Then we went behind the scenes—a most highly improper thing to do, except at amateurs.

Then to the streets. Every house was blaze of light, the character of the inhabitants lighter. Rickshaws were scurrying by; sedan chairs were carrying ladies on undisclosed missions.

"On what?" asked the irrepressible.

"Undisclosed missions."

"What did you expect? Think they'd get out and intimate to you, a man in charge of a coonshaw, table, where they were going? D'you think they'd stop their coolies, caddies, what d'you call 'em and get out of the chair that they might tell you their nautibiography?—But on with your story."

"Well, Sir, the Detective still stuck, and one other recollection stands out prominently. We paid a visit to a country-house, beyond the limits—

"Ahem, quod; a Chinese euphemism for quod! I suppose"——

"I tried the 'not responsible' tip, turned on a yard or two of sentiment about creeks and brown-eared junks and tall green rushes; compared the place to an English park, green turf, glades and great trees, flower-beds and fishponds, yellow swirling river-beds overhung with pillows, for all the world like Wiltshire bacon after heavy rain or Yorkshire ooze after a night's frost. But it would not do. We became what in England they call his Majesty's guests—only there was no majesty about it. Still—boundless hospitality! boundless!

From the "country house" we went to the arsenal where they turn out food for thought, and where every thought is for food. We did our "level" when we couldn't fox. We learnt how to use a hole for turning air and a drill for piercing the atmosphere. We made great guns that wouldn't shoot and put 'em into the hands of gunners who could not gun them. They may learn to use them some day, but then they will be obsolete. So it's all the same.

P.S.—"They will never turn out a great leader again," said a small Japanese to me after our liberation from enforced hospitality.

"No; but I shall," I replied with my profoundest bow and the gentlemanly Japanese—or Japanesely gentleman, whichever is correct, apologised, and bowed again.

He did not mean to be rude. A hundred years hence he will know.

But dit done; allons, allons; à Berlin, à Berlin I mean to Japon, to Nippon, Japan—and Nagasaki at that!

BIRTH OF A PRINCE.

SON BORN TO THE PRINCESS MAUD.

The following announcement was issued at Sandringham on July 2nd:—

Her Royal Highness Princess Charles of Denmark (Princess Maud) gave birth to a son at 5-50 this evening. Both mother and son are well.

(Signed) John Williams, M.D.
Alan Reeve Manby, M.D.

The young Prince was born at Appleton House, the residence on the Sandringham estate which was given by the King to Prince and Princess Charles soon after their marriage. The announcement of the accouchement of her Royal Highness explains the departure of the Queen for Sandringham last week—a very unusual move for her Majesty in the very height of the London season. Princess Maud, as she is always called, is the youngest child of the King and Queen. She was born in 1869, and was married in 1896 to Prince Charles of Denmark, who is her cousin. Prince Charles is the second son of the Crown Prince of Denmark, the Queen's brother, and was born in 1870. He is a lieutenant in the Danish Navy, and has the rank of an honorary lieutenant in the British Navy. This is Princess Charles' first child. The new Prince comes twelfth in the line of succession to the English throne, and sixth in the line of succession to the throne of Denmark. Between him and the King of England are the Prince of Wales and his five children, the Duchess of Fife and her two daughters, Princess Victoria, and Princess Maud. Between him and the King of Denmark are the Crown Prince, his eldest son Prince Christian, Prince Charles's two sons, and Prince Charles. The new Prince is the King's eighth grandchild. His Majesty's first grandchild was Lady Alexandra Duff, the elder daughter of the Duchess of Fife, who was born in 1891, and is three years older than the eldest son of the Prince of Wales. Prince and Princess Charles, like the Duke and Duchess of Fife, are a very quiet, homely couple. They spend a large amount of their time in the charming little house at Sandringham where the birth took place. Princess Maud made it a stipulation at her marriage that she should spend at least half the year in England. She had no anxiety to lose her identity as a royal personage.

FLORILINE.—FOR THE TEETH AND BREATH.—A few drops of the liquid "Floriline" sprinkled on a wet tooth brush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, and gives the teeth a peculiar pearly whiteness, and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all tobacco odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. The Fragrant Floriline" being composed entirely of Honey and several herbs is perfectly harmless, and is a greatest boon discovered in this age. Of all Chemists and Perfumers. Sole Depot, 21 Egerton Road, Bombay.

ALLEGED ALIENATION OF CHARITABLE PROPERTIES.

APPLICATION TO REMOVE MANAGERS.

The Hon'ble Mr. Justice Batty, presiding at the High Court yesterday, heard the suit brought by Jugjivan Lakhmidas and others against Gopal Lalchand and others, in which the plaintiffs sought to have it declared that the defendants had no right to mortgage or alienate charitable properties which belonged to the Golla Rana caste, and applied that they should be removed from the managership of the caste properties. The Hon. Mr. Scott and Mr. Jardine, instructed by Messrs. Mantri and Bulsara, appeared for the plaintiffs; and Mr. Raikes and Mr. Davar, instructed by Messrs. Unwalla and Perozshaw, appeared for the first four defendants; while Mr. Raikes and Mr. Colah, instructed by Messrs. Anjlee and Dharamsi, represented the fifth and sixth defendants.

The plaintiffs stated that they and the first four defendants belonged to the caste known as Golla Rana caste. They owned two immovable properties situate at Walkeshwar and Mahaluxmi. The affairs of the caste were governed and its property managed by a committee appointed as a general meeting called for that purpose. The members of the committee so appointed were termed the "Manajans," and the committee were known as the "Punch." It had been the custom of the caste that whenever any expenses were to be incurred in connection with the properties belonging to them or whenever they were to be disposed of for caste purposes, the sanction of the general body was, and always had been, deemed necessary. In conformity with that custom a general meeting of the caste was convened on the 3rd of December 1891, when the "Punch" were authorised, among other things, to raise money for the purpose of constructing a dharamsala on the vacant piece of land belonging to them, and situated at Mahaluxmi. By virtue of that resolution, the first plaintiff advanced to the Punch Rs. 800 which were allowed to remain with him to run at interest. The "Punch" also collected subscriptions from the different members of the caste, some of whom paid cash, while others handed over to the "Punch" a large quantity of building materials, with which the Dharamsala was to be constructed. The affairs of the caste were thus peacefully managed by the "Punch" with the first plaintiff as their leader until certain disputes arose between the first plaintiff on the one hand and the remaining Mahajans on the other hand, with reference to the excommunication of a certain caste woman. In consequence of these disputes, the caste was divided into two factions, the first plaintiff being the leader of one faction, and the other Mahajans being the leaders of the other faction. The latter, at the time of the disputes, were in possession of the immovable properties belonging to the caste. On the 18th of July 1895, the four defendants convened a meeting of their faction of the caste for the purpose of obtaining their sanction to raise money on the security of the two immovable properties, but the plaintiffs were informed that no sanction was granted, and plaintiffs were further informed that the four defendants and their partizans thereafter met together and passed certain resolutions which were transcribed on a stamp paper of eight annas, and to which they attached another paper containing the signatures of certain members of the caste, which had been obtained by them on the distribution of sweetmeats according to the custom of the caste. On the 30th September 1896, without any authority or consent of the caste, and without any necessity the defendants borrowed Rs. 3,000 on the security of the property at Walkeshwar. The plaintiffs as soon as they came to know of the execution of the mortgage, instructed their solicitors to write a notice dated the 21st of November 1896, informing the defendants that the mortgage was void and inoperative against the caste, and they also called upon them to return the sum of Rs 3,000, which they had borrowed from one Ratanbai. The plaintiffs were informed that on the 10th October 1897, the first, second and fourth defendants borrowed from the third defendant a further sum of Rs. 2,000 on the security of the Walkeshwar property. On the 7th of February 1899, the four defendants borrowed without any necessity, and without obtaining previous sanction of the caste, Rs. 3,500 on the security of the property at Mahaluxmi from one Pitamber and Gangaji. The plaintiffs were informed that, about two months previous to their obtaining the loan of Rs. 3,500, one Sitaram Guru filed a suit in the High Court against the four defendants and Ratanbai, praying, inter alia, that the whole of the land and building thereon, situate at Walkeshwar, belonged to the temple of Shri Baldevji, and that no portion thereof belonged to the Golla Rana caste. The defendants, without informing the plaintiffs or the general body of the caste, of the institution of the suit, and without obtaining their consent to defend the same, consented to a decree being passed against them, whereby they waived the right of the caste to the temple of Baldevji and the land in rear and front of the temple. The plaintiffs submitted that the consent decree was not binding upon the caste, who, owing to the fraudulent conduct of the defendants, had since been deprived of the temple and the land in rear and front thereof, which always belonged to the community. On the 18th of August 1901, the plaintiffs convened a general meeting of the caste, when it was resolved by the unanimous consent of the persons present that the four defendants should be removed from the management, and new managers should be appointed in their place. The plaintiffs were authorised to take possession from the defendants of all the movable and immovable properties belonging to the caste, and they, therefore, by their solicitor's letter, called upon the defendants to give possession thereof, but they had declined to do so. Under the circumstances the plaintiffs prayed that they might be allowed to institute the suit under section 30 of the Code of Civil Procedure; that it might be declared that the properties were charitable properties belonging to the caste, and that the defendants had no right to mortgage or alienate the same; that the said resolutions might be declared void and inoperative; and that the defendants might be removed from their managership.

The first four defendants, in their written statement, denied that the sanction of the general body of the caste was or ever had been necessary to the committee when expenses were to be incurred in connection with the properties belonging to the caste, or when the same were to be disposed of for caste purposes. The meeting of the 3rd of December was held not in conformity with any custom, but for special reasons arising from the obstructive and quarrelsome conduct of the first plaintiff, who had quarrelled with the other of the Patels or committee repeatedly, and thus produced a dead-lock in the management. The caste property had fallen into disrepairs, and one of them had even fallen down, and on certain members intervening to get the quarrels between the first plaintiff and the committee stopped, and the dead-lock in the management removed, the committee said that they would only take action on a formal resolution passed at a general meeting, and accordingly that meeting which was the first general meeting of the caste, was held and a resolution was passed to the effect stated by the plaintiffs. The defendants denied that the first plaintiff was ever the leader of the "Punch" or committee, or that the caste was divided into factions, or that the first plaintiff was leader of any faction in the caste. The meeting of the 18th July 1895, was duly convened and regularly constituted, and the resolutions were passed not by the defendants and their partizans, but by the unanimous consent of the persons entitled to vote, and those resolutions were valid and binding on the caste. It was altogether untrue that the signatures were obtained on distribution of sweet-meats. Previous to the meeting, another meeting of the caste had been held on the 3rd of April 1895, at which the plaintiff was removed from his office of Patel, and ordered to hand over the caste utensils and property in his hands to the remaining Patels, and debarred from taking any part in caste affairs in consequence of certain misconduct of which the meeting held him guilty.

The mortgages were made with the authority and consent of the caste under the sanction given at the meeting in July 1895, and the committee, apart from such sanction, had power to make the mortgages, and the same were valid and binding on the caste. The defendants said that the majority of the caste approved of their action and disapproved of the plaintiff's action and of that suit, and they submitted that this suit should be dismissed with costs.

The fifth and sixth defendants, in their written statement said that the mortgage to them of the 6th December 1900 was authorized by the caste, and that the monies advanced by them were advanced for the purpose of satisfying three previous mortgages.

The hearing of the evidence in the case was proceeded with.

DISQUIETING RUMOURS.

For some days past rumours have been afloat in Bombay, that a disturbance of a more or less serious character was likely to take place in the native town yesterday, but it is gratifying to state that there is not the slightest foundation for these rumours. The day has passed off quietly as usual and nothing has happened to justify the grave fears entertained by the public. The Police were aware of the rumour and they had quietly made arrangements to meet any difficulty that might arise.

THE CITY MORTALITY.

The Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hour ending at 6 a.m. yesterday give the following results:—

Wards,	Plague Attacks.	Plague Deaths.	Deaths from all Causes.
A Upper, Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern, Fort Southern and Kapleshwar	1	0	5
B Mandvi, Chakla, Oomerkhadi and Bonjee	4	2	18
C Market, Dhobi Talao, Fanaswady, Bhuleshwar, Khara Talao, and Kumbharwada	2	2	2
D Khetwadi, Girgaum Chowpatti, Walkeshwar, and Mahaluxmi	0	0	6
E Mazagon, Tarwady, 2nd Nagpada, Kamathipura, Pandoo, Byculla and 1st Nagpada	6	1	16
F Parel, Sewree and Sion	1	0	7
G Mahim and Worli	1	1	9
Water Division	0	0	0
Non-Resident and Unknown	0	0	0
Hospitals	0	1	11
Total	15	7	85
Total plague deaths to date	262,116	214,332	
Same date last year	3	4	91

SPECIALITY FOR THE SKIN.—Purest, most emollient, and most hygienic of all Soaps. The ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP is a highly agreeable and beneficial luxury for the toilet, bath, nursery and leaves the skin in a pure, refreshed, and healthy condition, absolutely pure. A boon to a sallow skin. Indispensable for children. Creamy lather. Delicately perfumed. Sold by all Chemists, Stores, &c.

HERE, THERE, AND EVERYWHERE.

There are many interesting features about the vessels now for sale by auction, which have hitherto been used for coast defence. The President, which is among those to be broken up, figures rather shabbily in the naval lists, but she lay for many years a picturesque wooden hulk in the West India Docks, and served as drill-ship for the Naval Reserve. It was on her, in fact, that the City's Royal Naval Volunteers used to drill before they were disbanded. The Cyclops, again, is a twin-screw armoured floating battery, whose predecessors of the name fought in Admiral Hotham's action off Hyeres at the end of the eighteenth century, and again in the bombardment of Sidon and Sebastopol. There is another hulk at Sheerness which is a sister vessel to the last, and also coming under the hammer; this is the Hydra, and a third vessel of this type (the Hecate) is at Devonport now breaking up. The Polyphemus, now lying at Portsmouth, is the famous cigar ship, an experimental ship of consequence in her day, and well worthy to sustain a name which figured at Copenhagen and Trafalgar. A fifth, the Glatton, also at Portsmouth, is a twin-screw armoured turret-ship, of nearly 5,000 tons displacement; her first ancestor of the title defeated a whole squadron of French frigates off her own batteries. There are others in the list, but this is enough to point the normal of mortality in things nautical.

It is interesting to note that the Lieutenant-Colonel Smythe who has been incidentally mentioned as the uncle of the petitioner, and the adopted father of the co-respondent, in the Smythe v. Smythe and Barclay divorce suit, is presumably, the only survivor of the Old Rugbeians who figured in "Tom Brown's Schooldays." Lieutenant-Colonel Smythe, an intimate friend of the late Thomas Hughes, Q.C., otherwise "Tom Brown," is the original of the "Jones" who, in the story, kicked off at the historical football match. He is now over seventy years of age, but, although he no longer plays football, he is hale and hearty, retaining the best of the Rugby vigour of the nineteenth-century 'forties.

An ecclesiastical conundrum: Who is the "finger-post to Rome"? The question is suggested by a sermon preached in the Passionist Church on the top of Highgate Hill by the Rev. Michael Wats-Russell, lately the superior of the church in the Avenue Hoche, Paris, for English-speaking Catholicks, now an exile in England under the Associations Law. In the course of his sermon from the text, "The just man liveth by faith," Father Watts-Russell incidentally mentioned that there was a well-known Englishman on the Continent who was known as the "finger-post to Rome." He was a believer in the whole cycle of Catholic doctrine, and an earnest upholder of Papal Infallibility, and yet he remained outside the Catholic Church. The anecdote was told to illustrate the argument that faith is a Divine or supernatural gift. The father of the Rev. Michael Watts-Russell was a Church of England clergman, and intimate friend and correspondent of Cardinal Newman, and one of the many Tractarians who followed their intellectual leader out of the Anglican fold and into the Roman communion. Father Watts-Russell is staying with his brother Passionists at Highgate until the return of quieter religious times enables him to recross the Channel and resume the ministrations which he has conducted for many years in the Avenue Hoche for the benefit of English and American Catholics. Meanwhile, London has gained what Paris has lost—an able and attractive preacher.

Within a few hundred yards of the Thames, in crowded Southwark, lies one of the largest of London's inns, Nelson-square. Since the square was built in 1810 the verdan space railed in the centre was held for the benefit of the residents, subject to the leaseholders keeping it in proper order, but there was laxity in collecting the subscription, and neglect and desolation left their mark upon the scene. Lord Halifax whose property the land was, has conveyed it to the local authority, and through them to the County Council; and a transformation has been in progress during the past few months such as has greatly enhanced the amenity of the place. The oval garden has become a square, and the forty thousand odd square feet has become an area so much the larger by the inclusion of extra ground within the line of corners, while the whole is enclosed in the frame of an asphalt roadway, repaved and redrained, all at a cost of a few thousand pounds. The future existence of Nelson-square, as a public garden, affects wider interests than those merely of the residents, among whom not the least important is Miss Helen Gladstone, the daughter of the late Premier, with the devoted ladies who labour with her at the headquarters here of the Women's University Settlement.

Here is an interesting story of their Majesties and their appreciation of loyalty in humble life. It came to the King's knowledge, through Mr. T. E. Fuller, C.M.G., the Agent-General for the Cape of Good Hope, that in the domestic employ of Mr. Fuller's family is a worthy centenarian, Mrs. Eleanor Willoughby. Realizing that there was time, their Majesties directed Lord Knolly's to telegraph their congratulations on the eve of the old lady's hundredth birthday, and they followed this up by sending their signed photographs, accompanied by a suitable letter. The centenarian, who was overjoyed, of course, at such a mark of favour, is a remarkable woman. She was born and brought up at Windsor, and during the reign of King William IV. served as laundrymaid in the Royal household. Her mental faculties are still unimpaired, and she still gossips brightly with a fourth generation concerning the life at Windsor in the early years of the past century. Mrs. Willoughby remembers a great soldiers' dinner in the Long Walk on the first anniversary of Waterloo, the table being a hundred yards long, with the horse soldiers at one end and the foot soldiers at the other. Further, she remembers the enormous handkerchiefs (a yard square) used by the Landgravine of Hesse, whose peculiarity also was to carry snuff loose in her pocket. Her loyalty is indomitable, and among her greatest feats have been journeys to Windsor and London in recent years to see the King and the late Queen Victoria.

Colonials in London are considerably surprised at the paucity of honours destined for Greater Britain in the Birthday list. As the colonial Order of St. Michael and St. George was recently largely extended in membership, it was naturally expected that the fact would be reflected in the Birthday list. There will be much disappointment in the Commonwealth, which has the unusual experience of not getting a single local new knight. The knighthoods of Lord Tennyson, the Viceroy, and Mr. G. R. Le Hunte, the new Governor of South Australia, hardly count, as they are ordinary official promotions. If the Commonwealth is conspicuous by its absence, not so New Zealand, which never will be in the background as long as Mr. Seddon guides its destinies. A very old Parliamentary and Ministerial colleague of his, the Hon. A. J. Cadman, is among the new knights. Mr. Cadman's family is honourably associated with the beginnings of British colonization in New Zealand. His father was also the father of the gold industry in New Zealand, having been the first man there to take out a miner's right.

The honour of knighthood conferred by the King on Mr. Alfred Fripp is regarded by medical men as a token of the Sovereign's personal regard for one who has shown devotion in his service. Some two years before his accession his Majesty, while staying with Mr. Leopold de Rothschild, injured his knee. The case required very skilful and unremitting attention, and Mr. Fripp, who was then attached to Guy's was selected to remain in constant attendance on the Royal patient, who was removed to his yacht at Cowes. His Majesty, it will be remembered, made a complete recovery. None more hearty in their congratulations to Sir Edward Lawson on his elevation to the peerage than the members of the Beefsteak Club. In conversation among his personal friends in that select circle, the new journalistic peer always refers with pride to the early associations of his career and often recalls the days when, his father having insisted on his taking his share in the editorial duties of his newspaper, he walked home from work in the small hours of the morning, stopping in the Strand to look up his old friend the late Mr. W. H. Smith, who was usually found in his shirt sleeves superintending the great distributing work of the famous newsagents.

In Sheffield, which the Lord Mayor of London has visited in state some of the oldest firms in the world are to be found. One of the cutlery firms was founded in 1609, another—still bearing the famous name of Rodgers—in 1682, and a third traces its operations back without a break to the early days of the seventeenth century. In the heavy metal trades there are many venerable firms. One was established in 1654, and has worked uninterruptedly in the manufacture of iron and steel ever since; several sprang up in the middle of the eighteenth century, and some of the best-known manufacturers of the modern heavy forgings, armour and guns, are well on the way to number their years by the hundred.

Sir Robert Stout, Chief Justice of New Zealand, who is so dissatisfied with the King's decision depriving him of the precedence over Ministers which he has hitherto enjoyed that he is contemplating the resignation of his high office, is a native of Lerwick, in the Shetland Island, but emigrated in his nineteenth year. His next eight years were spent in school-teaching, and then he was called to the New Zealand Bar, where he rapidly acquired a leading practice. At thirty Sir Robert Stout plunged into politics, at thirty-four he was Attorney-General in the Government of Sir George Grey, at forty he was Prime Minister, and at fifty-five Chief Justice. His latest reported speech from the bench deals with the prevalence of perjury in the colony. He considers that magistrates and minor judges are too tolerant of this crime. They know perfectly well that certain witnesses are deliberately lying, and yet they take no action, chiefly because the culprits are persons of local importance. The way to put an end to false swearing, he declares is to send its perpetrators to trial.

It has now been definitely decided in Munich to form an International Art Exhibition next year, to which many foreign artists will shortly be invited to contribute. The Prince Regent, who has consented to act as patron is taking an active personal interest in the projected exhibition—the ninth International show of pictures which will have been held in the Bavarian art-loving capital—and report promises an interesting display of modern talent.

Lord Roberts has issued a memorandum concerning the large number of family Bibles which Boers missed on returning to their farms. They are greatly valued by their former possessor, and he feels sure that persons who have them will willingly return them to Mr. W. H. Alexander, of 12, Bishops gate Without, E.C.

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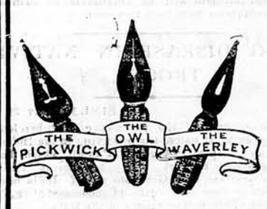

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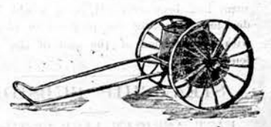

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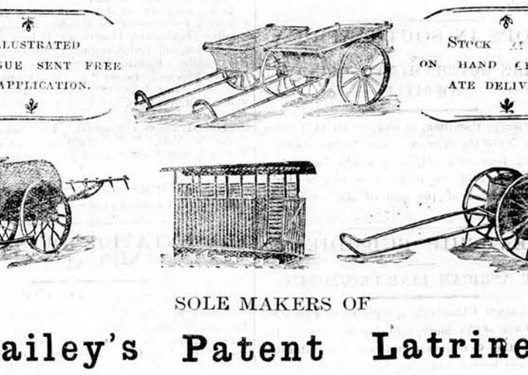
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M. A. P. IN THE GREEN ROOM.

It is not until such a play as Cousin Kate is produced that we realise what a very little thing it is to be dramatist by profession with a new and original story to tell, and what a very big thing it is to be a dramatist by birth with a story to tell that is as old as those 'infantile eruptions of Earth's epidermis'—the hills! Mr. Hubert Henry Davies is a born dramatist and this being so, he is able to arouse the enthusiastic appreciation of the most hardened playgoer for a simple story of love at first sight which is as familiar to the world as the sun and the moon. The great and instant success of Cousin Kate at the Haymarket is mainly due to the audience having recognised two things—the story, and the ability of the author to tell it properly.

Merely the title, and nothing more, of the old Daly comedy, The Railroad of Love, is recalled to mind by the manner in which Heath Desmond and Kate Curtis become acquainted with one another. But there was a New York novel, called Mr. Barnes of New York, and in it, as many of my readers may remember, the hero met the lady who was eventually to be his wife in a blushing but communicative young travelling companion who had no lunch basket wherewith to insert cheery intervals into the monotony of a day's journey by train. The man, however, had a lunch-basket with sufficient provisions in it for two—and they lived happy for ever afterwards. In the Haymarket train it is the girl, Kate Curtis, who comes to the rescue of an unendowed appetite. But the result is the same. So in the much-abused fowl of the railway lunch basket there is some good after all. It's wings may not be quite so tender as the wings of love, but they seem to serve the same purpose.

The romantic railway journey over, Kate Curtis and Heath Desmond go upon their separate and distinct ways: she to her cousin, Amy Spencer, as a visitor, and he to his work, as an artist. Kate tells her adventure to Amy, but is unable to give her the name of the stranger she has fed with fowl and fired with affection on the journey down. This is as well anyhow, for the purposes of the story, for in a lukewarm, on-and-off sort of way Heath Desmond and Amy Spencer are engaged to be married, and Heath is in one of his off moods now because he has been preached at by his fiancee for painting on Sunday. The Rev. James Bartlett is Amy's "influence" in this matter—and the Rev. James Bartlett, like the judge in a celebrated breach of promise case, seems not indisposed to marry the girl himself. Still, the engagement stands good, and Amy and Heath are to be joined together in a holy matrimony which must inevitably become a very unholy one when the wife objects to the artist husband being artistic on Sundays. But man proposes, and, if woman sometimes accepts, that does not stand in the way of the Divine disposition. And so it falls out that Heath Desmond meets Kate again in an even more romantic spot than a railway train, and tells the tale: that Kate, to her distress, discovers then, for the first time, that the man she is in love with is Amy Spencer's artist; and that, finally, Amy being claimed by the Rev. James Bartlett, Heath and Kate, the companions on the long journey in the train, set out as companions on the longer journey of life.

Mr. Cyril Maude as the young lover, Heath Desmond! The note of exclamation stands for the novelty of the experiment. Yet no note of explanation is needed for the success of it, because it is so many years now since Mr. Maude surprised his audiences with first-rate work in a fresh direction in the new comedy at the Haymarket he makes a most sincere and convincing lover, and it is delightful to see how easily he satisfies the requirements of the part without for one moment losing its sentimentality. The Cousin Kate of Miss Ellis Jeffreys is one of the most charming performances the stage has seen, and it is hardly necessary to tell of this fascinating actress that the success of the play is due. The young lady with the prim-sounding name of Amy Spencer is very cleverly played by Miss Beatrice Ferrar, and the character of the Rev. James Bartlett is given to the life by Mr. Rudge Harding, with whom the goody-goody people of the world—the curates to whose sayings Mr. W. S. Gilbert's "Bab" Bishop said "Rot!" and walked them off as in the picture,' and the smooth, sneaking brothers of wild young heroes of domestic comedy—are a special and particular study.

Mr. James E. Sullivan is politeness itself—but not fussy. The part of Levanter, music-master and tutor, in The Medal and the Maid, has never appealed to him as a suitable one for his own peculiar methods, and so he has just given it up to Mr. Laurence Caird, whose ways on the stage are totally distinct from those of the original impersonator of the volatile little gentleman who combines with teaching music the milder and less wearing excitement of collecting stray tourists. This change at the Lyric presents a further exemplification of how easily a clever artist may fail to score if wrongly placed in a piece. Both Mr. Tom B. Davis, the manager, and Mr. Owen Hall, the author, were of the opinion when arranging their company that Mr. Sullivan was the actor for Levanter, but the "Polite Lie artic" was dubious from the first, and did not quite get the fact that he despaired of ever getting into the skin of the part. Despite the difficulties arising to the artist from short notice, Mr. Caird fills the vacancy with complete success, and The Medal and the Maid, with Miss Ada Reeve as the life and the soul and the heart and the head of the whole light and lively business, continues briskly to swap its joys for the spare cash of the multitude.

No words could describe the unbounded delight and pardonable pride felt by the dark members of the Ja Dahomey company in having been the first musical comedy "crowd" to receive a Royal command, and at the Shaftesbury now they are all smiling more extensively that ever, and seeming to possess three or four gleaming sets of teeth apiece. Mr. George W. Walker, the coloured Hayden Coffin of the company, of whom it has been written that he has a bend in his back like the Regent Street Quadrant, and a grin like an open door, made a great hit with the Royal audience at Buckingham Palace with his singing of My Castle is on the River Nile, and Mr. Bert A. Williams, with his elephantine figure and movements, and the extremely comical expression of seriously injured innocence, kept the Royal hosts and hostesses and their noble little guests in an almost constant state of laughter. Mr. Williams says his "Jonah Man" never went to more appreciative applause, and that if ever he plays before a one-man audience, he hopes it's the one man with the King!

At his dinner and dance not many weeks ago at Delmonico's, in honour of Mrs. Arthur Paget, Mr. Robert Hargous, a New York millionaire, cake-walked very comfortably with Mrs. Ada Overton Walker, the dark-skinned soubrette of the coloured company at the Shaftesbury, and a friend who saw her in her dressing-room at the theatre five days after the Hargous party writes:—Although Mrs. Walker made her debut in Society only five nights ago, she has acquired some high bred mannerisms. Her 'a's have broadened. Her conversation is punctuated by Really now! Don't you know, and Oh, fancy! Speaking of the evening's proceedings, Mrs. Walker said: It was very amusing and rather good sport, and I found the dinner company charming, you know. My husband was not with me. That is not fashionable, you know. When I went into the drawing-room they were playing bridge. I danced a bit and sang a bit, but I was not there as an entertainer absolutely. I danced with Mr. Hargous, and chatted all round.

Mr. and Mrs. John Philip Sousa and family have been staying at the Carlton, and on Sunday afternoon I met them all outside that fashionable hostelry, waiting for their carriage to take them for a drive round the Park. This was the first time I had seen the great Sousa in ordinary afternoon attire (tight-fitting frock-overcoat, silk hat, grey suede gloves, etc.), and before greeting him and wishing him success at the end of his new tour, which finishes in Blackpool on the last day of this month, I had to look at him well to make sure that he was the March King. Mrs. Sousa, considering she has two grown-up daughters and a particularly grown-up son (he is a head taller than his distinguished father), is remarkably youthful in appearance, and looks like a Charles Dana Gibson girl with white hair. Her two daughters, one fair, like her mother, and the other dark, like her father, are both of them typical Gibson girls, and the son of the Sousa family is the living and breathing impersonation of the good-looking young man of the American illustrated journals. Conducting his favourite march cannot, surely, give Sousa greater pleasure than conducting his handsome family about.

One of the Misses Sousa is looked upon by a musical professor in America as one of the most remarkable pianists of the age, and it is amusing to hear from Mr. Sousa how the professor came to regard her as such. One evening, as Sousa and the professor were standing at the door of the former's country home, there issued from the drawing-room behind them a series of sounds which caused the professor to strike a critical expression and attitude, and to ask in hushed tones of surprise who it was that was playing the piano. Oh, that's my youngest daughter, said Sousa. You astound me! exclaimed the professor, as the atmosphere around them grew thick and riotous with the overture to Tannhauser, and there was not a note missing. How old is she? About nine, answered Sousa. Remarkable! went on the professor. She will be one of the greatest pianists of her time. Her power is marvellous—her execution extraordinary. She is a bit too loud at present, and perhaps a shade too quick—but it is there! It is there! Yes, it's clever playing, mused Sousa. But he didn't tell the professor, and the professor doesn't know to this day (though he soon will now), that the remarkable young pianist was at work with a Pianola!

The uneven illuminated firmament of the music-hall is in danger of losing the light, for sixteen weeks or so, of one of its most treasured stars. Miss Marie Lloyd is being pressed to go with Drury Lane for the autumn drama, and Miss Marie Lloyd rather likes the idea. But whether she accepts Mr. Arthur Collins's invitation or not is a question which must be left for settlement to the directors of a music-hall syndicate who are the proprietors of her services for the period she would be wanted by the Drury Lane management. If these gentlemen give their consent to her appearance as the "comic relief" of the National Theatre's next Grand Autumn Annual Sensation, it will be at a great strain to their commercial sentiments, for immediately after autumn drama comes winter pantomime, and that would mean to Variety land a loss of Miss Marie Lloyd's services for half a year instead of the usual quarter.

Miss Marie Lloyd would regard this proposed Drury Lane engagement almost in the light of a peaceful rest. Performing at two or three sometimes three or four music-halls a night, even though the "turn" at each be short, is an exclusive tiring game; and to the variety artist an exclusive engagement at a theatre or a music-hall is a very beautiful thing. In Miss Lloyd's case there is more than the comfort of a one-house engagement whispering persuasively in her ear. There is also a remarkably high salary talking to her. The part Mr. Collins has in his eye for the popular music-hall artiste is what would be called a Mrs. John Wood part, with song. The experiment of Miss Lloyd in drama would be a most interesting one, for, if in a career from her professional records her achievements in pantomime and musical farce, she has not played a real consistent stage part since the days when she was wont to organise and appear in the amateur theatricals of the church schools in which she was an energetic teacher. Oh, yes, Miss Marie Lloyd, as a girl, was a school-teacher of some celebrity. "And don't you forget it!" as the riverside lady would say herself.

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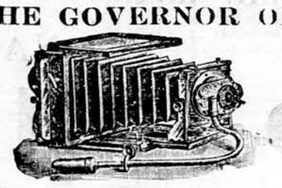

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VERANDAHS, CONSERVATORIES, STABLE FITTINGS, BANDSTANDS, RAILINGS, GATES, ELECTRIC LIGHT PILLARS, BATHS, SANITARY FITTINGS, DRAIN PIPES, AND EVERY KIND OF ORNAMENTAL CONSTRUCTIONAL IRONWORK.

Delicious, Wholesome and Refreshing.
ROSE'S LIME JUICE
Cordial.

Is absolutely the Purest and Best Beverage. It Purifies the Blood.

LANGUID WOMEN
PALE CHILDREN
OLD PEOPLE, INVALIDS
VIN CHAPOTEAUT
(CHAPOTEAUT'S WINE OF PEPTONE)
A DELICIOUS NUTRITIVE STIMULANT

This alimentary wine is of such a character that no other solid or liquid food will remain on the stomach, Indicated in constitutional weakness and loss of digestive power, for the Aged, Anæmic, Dyspeptic, and Convalescent.

It helps sufferers from Consumption, Dysentery, Cancers, and Ulceration of the Stomach.

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THE GREAT CURE for DIARRHOEA; DYSENTERY; CHOLERA; NEURALGIA; AGUE; COLDS; DELUGE FEVER;
FREEMAN'S CHLORODYNE
HELD IN HIGHEST ESTEEM FOR MORE THAN HALF A CENTURY
DON'T BE DECEIVED
NONE GENUINE WITHOUT THE "ELEPHANT" TRADE MARK
EASES PAIN AS BY A CHARM
SOLD IN BOTTLES AT 12 ANNAS

MINERAL WATERS.
TRADE REQUISITES.

LARGE STOCK of Codd's patent glass ball Bottles, Soluble Fruit Essences, Oils and Colourings from well known English manufacturers. Sulphuric Acid and other acids.

REFINED
SACCHARIN
and every article connected with Aerated water factory; also machinery with their parts can be had at moderate price from

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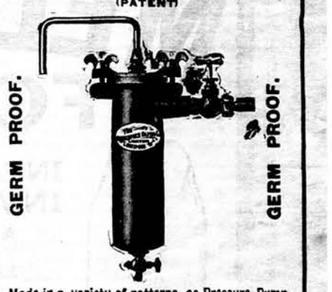
Water is rendered ABSOLUTELY FREE from DISEASE GERMS by using the CELEBRATED
BERKEFELD FILTER.
(PATENT)



Made in a variety of patterns, as Pressure Pump, Drip and Syphon Filters.
For Domestic, Travelling & Industrial purposes, etc.
No House, Hotel, Restaurant, Club, Factory, Brewery, or Mineral Water Works should be without a
BERKEFELD FILTER.

The HOUSE of COMMONS—AN IRISHMAN'S PROTEST.

TO ENGLISHMEN, SCOTCHMEN, IRISHMEN, and OUR COLONIES

AN IRISHMAN'S ELOQUENT PROTEST.—Richard Lalor Shiel once startled the House of Commons and the country when the word "alien" was applied to him as an Irishman. "On the field of Waterloo" he exclaimed, "the blood of Englishmen, Scotchmen, and Irishmen flowed in the same stream and drenched the same sod—when the cold grey morning dawned they lay stiff and stark together; in the same trench their bodies were laid; the green corn of spring bursts even now from their commingled dust; the dew falls from heaven upon their union in the grave. Partakers the very peril, are we not to be partakers in glory? Are we to be told we are aliens from that noble country for whose salvation our life blood was poured?" The effect of the speech both inside and outside the House was electrical.

THE MORAL.

"I need not be missed if another succeed me;
To reap down those fields which in spring I have sown,
He who ploughed and who sowed is not missed by the reaper,
He is only remembered by what he has done."

The misery of Life is immensely increased in these days of Fevers, if you miss such a single precaution as Batliwalla's Ague-Mixture and Pills.

Most powerful remedies for Malarious, Intermittent, Bilious Fevers, Influenza and Mild form of Plague.

Equally useful to Men, Women, and Children of all ages.

Guaranteed not to contain Aconite, Antimony, Arsenic, Mercury, Opium, Strychnia or any poisonous salts.

Why be miserable? Why not be wise instead?

Take the right remedy at the right time, and get rid of that nasty fever, by using Batliwalla's Ague Pills or Mixture.

EXTRACTS out of numerous testimonials of BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE and PILLS; REMEDIES FOR MALARIAL FEVERS and INFLUENZA. Surg.-Maj. Jaykar:—It is a safe and reliable remedy. Surg.-Maj. Reporter:—I have found it very efficacious. J. Y. Lang, Esq., (Dep. Grand Master of all Scottish Free Masonary in India):—Derived immediate benefit from its use. Very Rev. B. Fernand Vicar de Vara:—It is most efficacious. G. S. Risti, Esq., Lic. of Civ. Engr.:—It is a safe and immediate remedy. J. Daily, Esq., Chief Guard, S. M. Railway:—It is really a dying man's Gold Drop.

BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE or BATLIWALLA'S AGUE PILLS & BATLIWALLA & Co.'s CHOLERAL (specific for Cholera) may be had from Treacher & Co., Kemp & Co., Phillips & Co., Beynon & Co., &c., &c., &c., or from the Sole Manufacturer, Dr. H. J. Batliwalla, Worli Dadar, Bombay, at Re. 1 per Bottle.

DISCOUNT TO THE TRADE.

DINNEFORD'S
The Physician's Cure for Gout, Rheumatic Gout and Gravel.
The Universal Remedy for Acidity of the Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Sour Eructations, Bilious Affections.
Safest and most Gentle Medicine for Infants, Children, Delicate Females, and the Sickness of Pregnancy.
DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA
MAGNESIA

The Remington Typewriter.
By Royal Warrant
To H. M. The King.

Provides prompt, adequate and willing service.
This is what you must have in your office if you desire to increase and extend your business.
A progressive policy is the mainstay of a successful business.
The REMINGTON Typewriter is a progressive Typewriter.
That is why you cannot afford to do without it.

Price List and full particulars upon application to
REMINGTON TYPEWRITER CO., 100, CRACECHURCH STREET, LONDON, E.C.,
Or to WARDEN & CO., Bombay.

WEST ENDS'
ARE THE
BEST WRIST WATCHES.
PRICE IN:

	Rs. a
Nickel Silver Case, Rs. 30 and	35 8
Sterling Silver Case, Rs. 40 and ...	48 0
Silver, Niello Enamelled	52 0
14-ct Gold Case	73 8
18-ct. Gold Case	115 0

All are *perfect Time-keepers*, they each have a clear white enamelled dial (with a seconds hand), and an extra thick crystal glass over it. Bold hands and figures. A special feature of our Watches is the hand setting mechanism in the winding nut.

We make a *larger Wrist Watch* called "THE SOWAR" *just as reliable*
In Nickel Silver Case, at Rs. 25.
Sterling Silver Case, at Rs. 30.

Above rates include the Leather Strap, spare Spring and Glass.

Orders filled by return V.-P. P. Price List free on application.

THE WEST END WATCH COMPANY
BOMBAY, 11, Hornby Road. (Opposite G. P. O.)

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"U. K. MALT" WHISKY, as supplied to the HOUSE OF LORDS.

MUMM'S "EXTRA DRY" CHAMPAGNE.

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High Class and Genuine

Egyptian Cigarettes

ARE THE BEST

EVER imported into India and unsurpassed by any imitators.

Guaranteed Fresh Consignments by P and O.'s Mail.

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For INFANTS & INVALIDS

A Purely Vegetable Extract....

Untouched by Hand.

Prepared as directed, forms a perfect, sustaining, invigorating diet from early infancy to extreme old age. Send for Sample and *"A Few Opinions"* to - -

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To suit all classes of CLAY, SHALE, FIRECLAY, &c.

COMPLETE PLANTS A SPECIALTY.

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The only Medicine of the kind awarded a Certificate at the Calcutta Exhibition, 1883-4, open to all.

REGISTERED. **DR. LALOR'S** TRADE MARK.

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HAS THE LARGEST SALE OF ANY PHOSPHORIC MEDICINE IN THE WORLD.

For forty years has maintained its world-wide reputation as the Best and **only really reliable Phosphoric Cure** for BRAIN WEAKNESS, PARALYSIS, SLEEPLESSNESS, Dyspepsia, Nerve, Kidney, and Liver Complaints, Harassing Dreams, Premature Decay of Vital Power, General Debility, all Wasting Diseases and all Functional and Diseased Conditions of the System, caused by the deficiency of the Vital Forces.

The **effect** of this Standard **Phosphoric Remedy** in Nervous Debility and its kindred Evils is immediate and permanent, all the miserable Feelings and Distressing Symptoms disappearing with a rapidity that is really marvellous.

Its energizing effects are shewn from the first day of its administration by a Remarkable Increase of Nerve and Intellectual Power, with a feeling of Courage, Strength, and Comfort. Digestion is Invigorated. The Appetite increases wonderfully. Sleep becomes calm and refreshing. The Face becomes fuller, the Lips red, the Eyes brighter, and Skin clear and healthy.

Beware of vile imitations!—None genuine without the British Government Stamp with "Dr. Lalor's Phosphodyne, London, England," engraved thereon, by order of Her Majesty's Honourable Commissioners.

Thousands of unimpeachable **testimonials** from all parts of the World, and from the highest Medical Authorities. No other Phosphoric Preparation has received such distinguished recognition.

Pamphlet for Self-Treatment of the above disease with each Bottle.

HEALTH, STRENGTH & ENERGY.

Sold in Bottles at 4s. 6d. and 11s. each, by all Chemists throughout the World.

ONLY AT DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE LABORATORY, [illegible] ROAD, LONDON, ENGLAND.

CLEARANCE SALE AT POONA OF Helical and Other Premier Bicycles.

All Machines (Ladies' and Gentlemen's) are offered at prices to secure an absolute clearance.

For particulars apply to MESSRS. MARCKS & CO., LD.,

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PRACTICAL WATCHMAKERS, MANUFACTURERS AND AGENTS.

ESTABLISHED 1878.

FACTORY IN BIENNE (SWITZERLAND).

UNDER THE IMMEDIATE PATRONAGE OF THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA (METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT.)

"USEFUL, INTERESTING, AND INSTRUCTIVE."

THE MERIDIAN WATCH CO.'S WATCHES.

IN every civilized country, with the present needs of life and increased business activity, a good, durable and absolutely reliable Time-keeper is an article of actual necessity. Bad or indifferent Watches, made only for show, may meet the wants of ignorant or poor people; but even amongst this class, a better article, which can be thoroughly relied on, is gradually replacing the Watch usually found in the Bazaar which has hitherto been made only to sell and then put aside after its quality as a Time-keeper has been tried and found wanting.

THE USEFULNESS OF A WATCH DOES NOT NECESSARILY DEPEND UPON ITS COST, AND TOO OFTEN THE PRICE ASKED DOES NOT REPRESENT ITS QUALITY. Therefore it must necessarily be to the advantage of purchasers generally to obtain accurate information, which will enable them easily to select a Watch of better make and most suitable for their requirements.

The manufacture of reliable and specially made Watches in Switzerland, such as those THE MERIDIAN WATCH COMPANY has put before the public during the past few years, has gone through a radical change. Extensive buildings have recently been erected and an improved plant put in. With the aid of a large invested capital and "up to date" machinery, of the most perfect accuracy, worked by competent Engineers and skilled workmen, the most perfect Watches have been successfully turned out. These Watches are greatly above the average and are put before buyers at prices within the reach of almost all classes. Every appliance that genius could devise and science suggest to make these Watches the most reliable and lasting has been made use of Master minds in Mechanics have given their ripest thought to the perfection of the design and improvement of the parts. Special training in Horologic l Technical Schools has produced those who are masters of every phase of the finest machine work, and such men we employ, continuously producing the various parts of our Watches, with the result that the MERIDIAN WATCH COMPANY'S Watches are as near perfection as they possibly can be. We have paid particular attention to every part of the Lever Escapement as well as the Adjusting and Timing of each article turned out, to such a degree that further improvement can scarcely be looked for, and nothing passes out of our Factory that does not come up to the Standard we claim for our products.

In addition to their general utility, all Watches should have a neat appearance and be pleasing to the eye. The taste of the better class of buyers in European countries is rapidly being acquired for Flat-shaped Watches, whilst signs are not wanting in India, that a demand exists for the same style, and this form of Watch must shortly supersede the clumsy articles so often put before the public. THE MERIDIAN WATCH COMPANY'S Watches are being made in accordance with the modern taste for a flat or extra flat Watch which does not bulge unnecessarily in the pocket.

The whole Manufature of THE MERIDIAN WATCH COMPANY'S Watches is carried on under one roof, that is to say, in one Establishment, where the rough metals, the steel and brass for the movements of the solid Nickel, and the Silver and Gold for the cases are selected, tested, and prepared for use, as well as the manufacture, finishing, timing and rating of the various qualities and styles. Each Watch has to go through about 600 operations before being ready for export, most of them being of extreme delicacy. Relative cheapness can, therefore, be accounted for by the economy which results from the employment of the most skilled labour and the perfect automatic machinery and tools used in every branch, and also by the great division of the work which permits a vast quantity of the same parts being turned out cheaply as well as with the highest degree of excellence in workmanship.

The cheaper makes of MERIDIAN WATCH COMPANY'S Watches are regulated on 2 positions viz, with "pendant up" and "dial up," whilst the higher grades are examined in 4 positions, variations being corrected before the Watches are allowed to pass out. The movements of this quality are fitted with Expansion and Compensating balances, Breguet hair springs and Philips curves which secure exact timing within a few seconds in the various positions in which they are tested.

Lastly, but not least, we are manufacturing, for the most exacting amongst our Constituents, a very high class Watch accompanied by an Observatory Certificate, Class A, testifying by recorded notes and independent witnesses as to the real value of each of these Watches.

We take special pride in trying to perfect our manufactures, whilst experience and long residence in India has made it clear to us that another great improvement connected with the accurate time keeping of Watches for long periods in this country has been realised by us, by the use of our specially made Watch-oil, for the lubrication of their active parts. THE MERIDIAN WATCH COMPANY'S Watches may generally be relied on to go for 3 to 5 years before cleaning is necessary.

We claim that no better Watches have ever been offered to the public in this country, whether judged by our price list or by all-round attractiveness than those now being sold by

THE MERIDIAN WATCH COMPANY.

G. A. CHARPIE & CO., BOMBAY.

Flat-shaped "Meridian Watch Co.'s" Watches.

Description: As per Illustration.

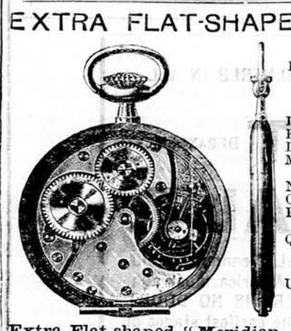
Keyless, ¾ plate, lever movement, chronometer balance, hardened balance spring, hard enamel dial, perfectly adjusted, regulated and examined.

				Nickel Silver.	Stg. Silver.
				Rs.	Rs.
No.	A OPEN-FACE	11	Ruby Jewels	12	15
„	B. „ „	15	„ „ compensating balance.	14	20
„	C. HUNTING	15	„ „ chronometer balance.	20	25
„	D. ¾ HUNTING	15	„ „ chronometer balance.	23	28
„	E. HUNTING	15	„ „ compensating balance.	28	30
„	F. ¾ HUNTING	15	„ „ compensating balance.	30	33
„	G. OPEN-FACED, with *Observatory Certificate.*			—	40
„	H. ¾ HUNTING	„	„ „	—	45

	14 Carat Gold.	18 Carat Gold.
R. OPEN-FACE FULL JEWELLED	42	50
S. HUNTING „ „	58	65
T. ¾ HUNTING „ „	60	68

WARRANTED 3 AND 4 YEARS

EXTRA FLAT-SHAPED OR LENTILLE WATCHES.



Extra Flat-shaped "Meridian Watch Co.'s" Watches.

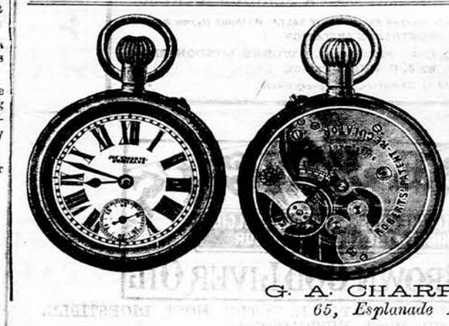
Description: As per Illustration.

Keyless, ¾ plate, lever movement, chronometer balance, hard enamel dial, perfectly adjusted, examined and regulated.

					Stg. Silver.
I.	Quality OPEN-FACE	11	Ruby Jewels	...	Rs. 16
K.	„ „ „	15	„ „	...	„ 18
L.	„ „ „	15	„ „	...	„ 21
M.	„ „ „	15	„ „	„ pendant hand setting	„ 24
N.	„ HUNTING	11	„ „	„	„ 26
O.	„ SEMI HUNTING	11	„ „	„	„ 28
P.	„ HUNTING	15	„	„ compensating balance	„ 28
Q.	„ SEMI HUNTING	15	„ „	„	„ 30

				18 Carat Gold.
U.	OPEN-FACE	„	„ HEAVY CASE	... 70

WARRANTED 3 AND 4 YEARS.



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The cheapest, reliable Watches, ever produced by automatic and modern machineries, are

Our **ROBERTS** cylinder at Rs. 5.

Warranted 1 year.

Our Illustrated Catalogue, describing a large variety of ladies, chronograph, 8 day, Calendar Watches, in Metal, Silver and Gold, Carriage, Hall and Office Clocks, is sent free on application.

Repairs to ordinary and complicated Watches, Clocks, etc., etc., done at very moderate rates, by and under European supervision.

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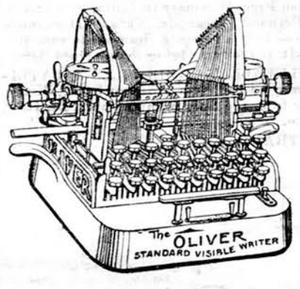

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Suffered Forty Years, and Nigh to Death.

Remarkable Experiences of a Citizen of Llansamlet, Glamorganshire.

One of the best known engineers in Glamorganshire is rejoicing in the fact that, after suffering forty years with a dangerous rupture, was finally cured by the system invented and perfected by Dr. W. S. Rice, of London. Mr. Thomas is never so happy as when relating the story of his cure. For the greater part of his life he suffered intense pain, his rupture being of such a nature that he was unable to find any truss that would keep the rupture in place until he learned of the Dr. Rice method. The testimony of Mr. Thomas is fully borne out by a letter received from his employer (one of the most influential mine owners in Wales), who states that he acts like an entirely different man, and that he can now perform his work unaided, whereas before

MR. G. THOMAS.

using this wonderful treatment he could hardly walk. The cure has astounded the inhabitants of Llansamlet throughout the neighbor. Dr. Rice has recently prepared a book containing a full description of his method. It is a home treatment, and the book of all is sent to sufferers without any danger, operation, detention from work, or inconvenience of any kind. Readers should send for our book without delay. Address [illegible]

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CALVERT'S CARBOLIC TOILET SOAP

gives that refreshing feeling of thorough purification, as well as protection against contagious diseases.

(10% Crystal Carbolic).

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contains pure Carbolic Acid (healing and antiseptic) and other useful ingredients to cure or alleviate sunburn, chafed skin, piles, cuts, burns, insect bites, &c.

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Dealers in Phonographs Harmoniums, Cycles, &c. Apply for price list.

Benger's Food

is quite distinct from any other. It

possesses the remarkable property of rendering Milk

with which it is mixed when used,

quite easy of Digestion

by INFANTS and INVALIDS.

Benger's Food is sold in Tins by Chemists, etc., everywhere.

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Mr. R. Swift, 13 Beaconsfield Road, Leyton, Essex, writes:

"My wife was troubled for a long time with pain in the side; medical assistance was employed in vain. After using only half the contents of a bottle of **Little's Oriental Balm**, this malady was removed in a few days. My little box has since afforded me the means of administering ease to three cases.—1st, a very severe attack of facial neuralgia with almost immediate relief; 2d, a severe toothache; 3d, a young man having fallen from his van while loading it ricked his neck, on one good application of the **Oriental Balm**, pain, stiffness and swelling soon passed away and were forgotten." Sold at 1s. 6d. per box. Of all chemists

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A PERMANENT CURE

Everything was tried for my dyspepsia. A physician gave me soda, mint and rhubarb, whiskey and peppermint and a diet of oatmeal, with no relief. A few bottles of Nature's Herbal Extract relieved my trouble. The pain, heartburn, etc., has disappeared. I have no doubt of a permanent cure.

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CURES DYSPEPSIA

Sold at $1.25 per bottle. Of all chemists.

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APIOL & STEEL PILLS

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A French Remedy for all Irregularities.

Thousands of Ladies always keep a box of Martin's Pills in the house, so that on the first sign of any Irregularity of the System a timely cure may be administered. Those who use them recommend them, hence their enormous sale. Of all Chemists and Stores, or post free for 14 stamps from MARTIN, PRINCE, Chemist, SOUTHAMPTON, ENGLAND.

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